

[dEk] WPM 11 Digital : Analog

Pascal Nünninghoff

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Introduction

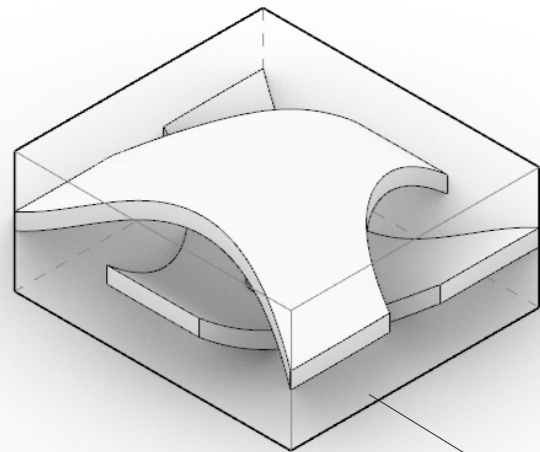
This booklet documents the journey, that has partaken as part of the WPM Digital: Analog at the Frankfurt University of Applied Sciences, which study's the interface of Digital and Parametric Designs with the "real" Analog world. As this is WP is part of the Architecture Master, the viewpoint of the subject is from that of an Architect. The course was taught in the SoSe2021, amidst the COVID 19 Pandemic and the course took place almost entirely Digitally. A fact that highlights the poignancy of its subject matter and how evermore important the interface between the physical and the Digital is. A particular emphasis in the course was placed on the teaching of the parametric tool Grasshopper in Rhino 3D.

There are two major conclusions from the course.

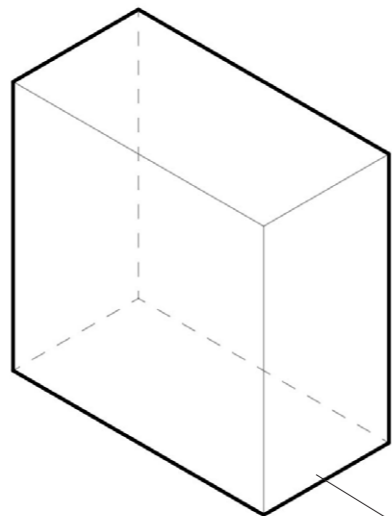
In general, as architects, we produce images/ an idea which, through the medium of Drawing, we communicate to the craftsman and manufacturers. The ideal end product for an architect is always a Building. In some ways, the Parametric and digital Design, which then is immediately followed by Digital production, shortens the journey between idealized idea and the finished product. The Designers knowledge base, therefore, has to encompass a wider range, but tighter control and environmental parameters are more easily combined into the building components. The computational parts of the design which would be tedious or outright impossible by hand are not to be forgotten. This brings us to the second conclusion.

Once a Designer has learned about these digital tools that make Computation and the combination with other mostly environment data easier, the temptation is to make building components that are extremely optimize using this data. The outcomes of such endeavours are usually Questionable. A more nuanced approach is usually more appropriate. That is the case because as architects our task is to have a general overview over a given design that encompasses far more parameters than just those that are computable. Aesthetic sensibilities are far harder to quantify, as they are a function of the human condition and are an important part of Design.

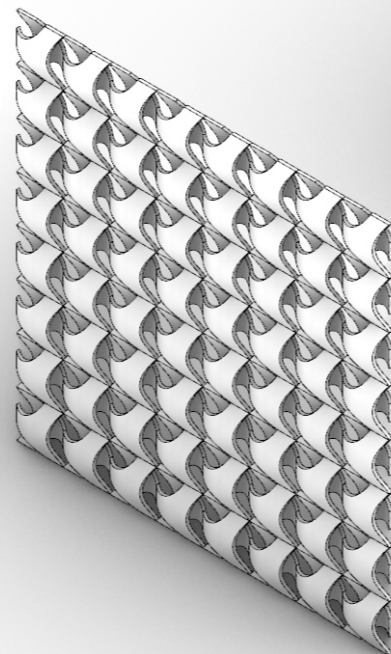
Aggregate 1 : Morphobox



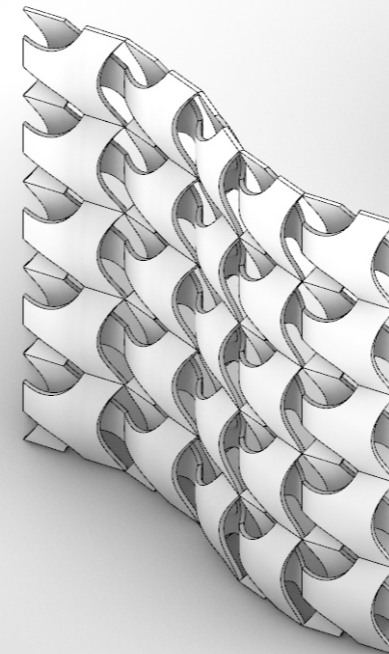
Base Module



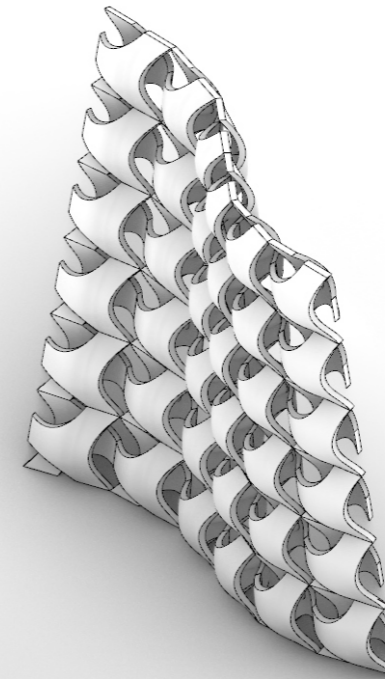
Base 100x100x6m



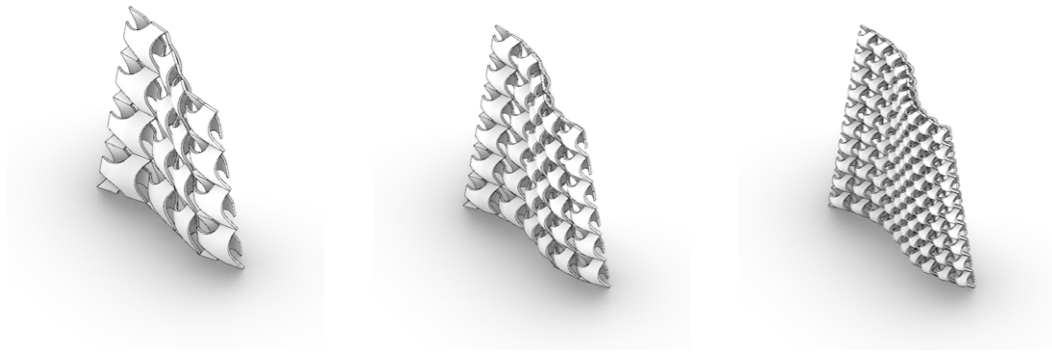
Morphobox Planar Srf



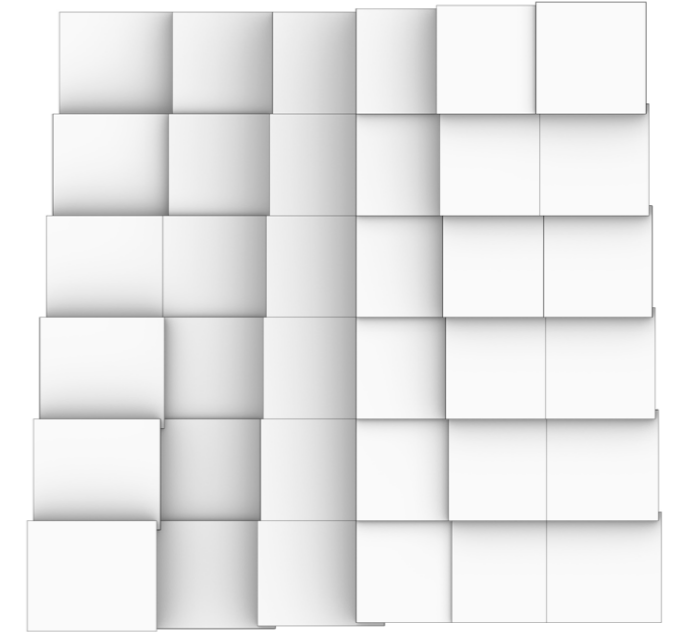
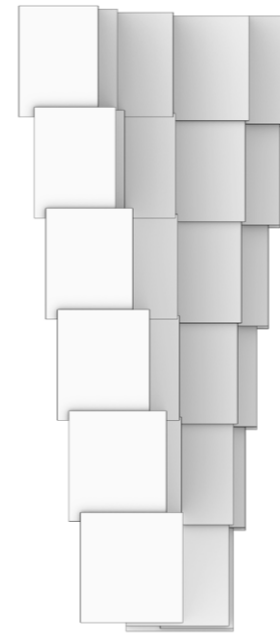
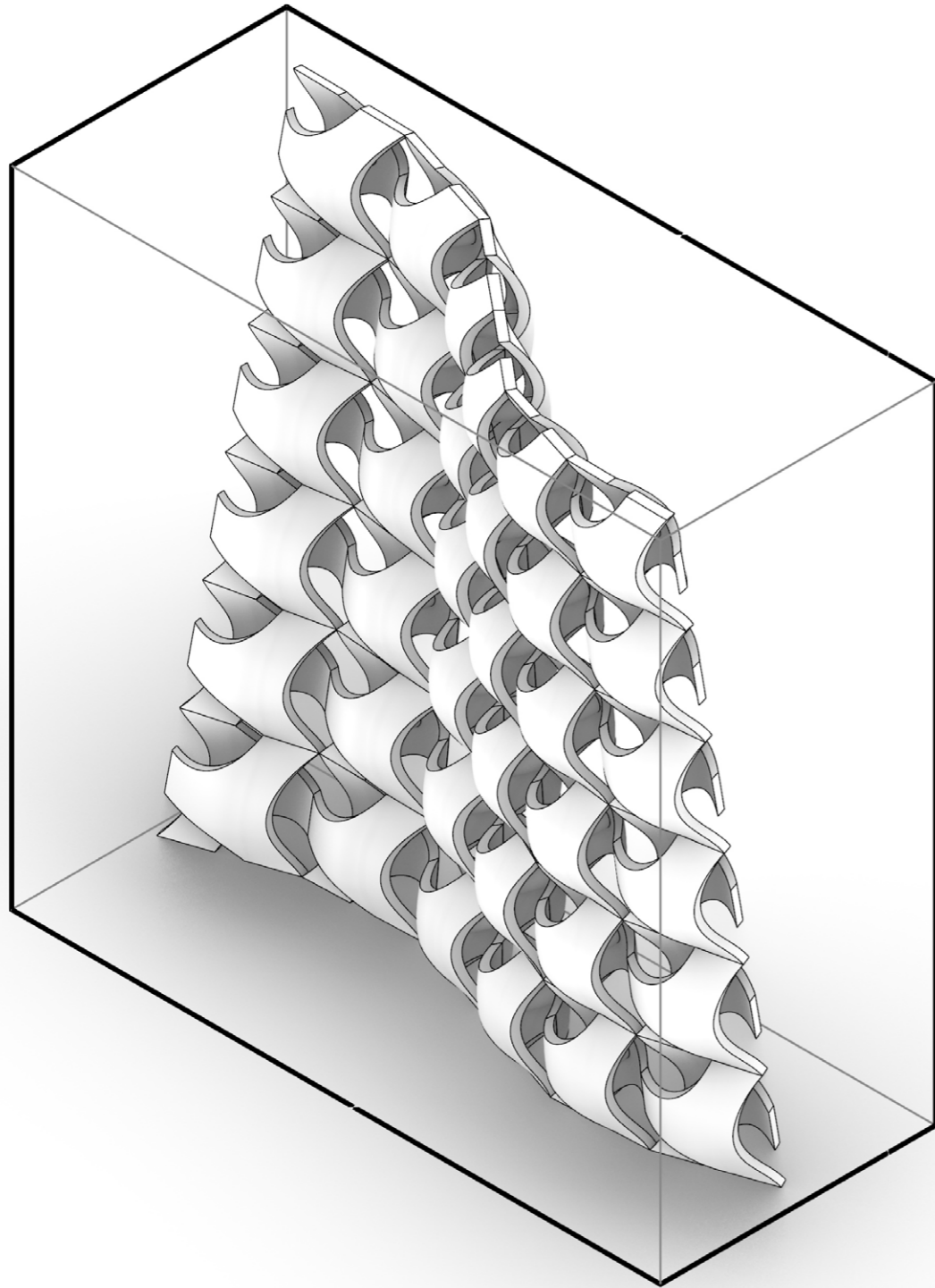
Morphobox Single Curved Srf



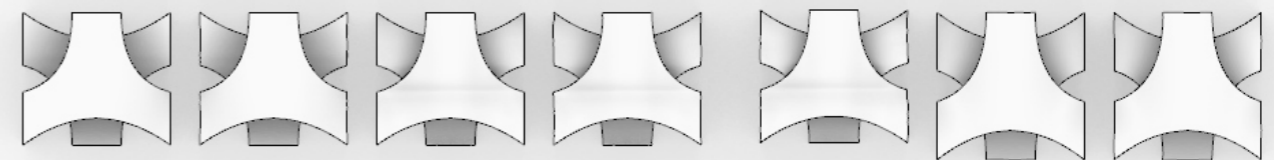
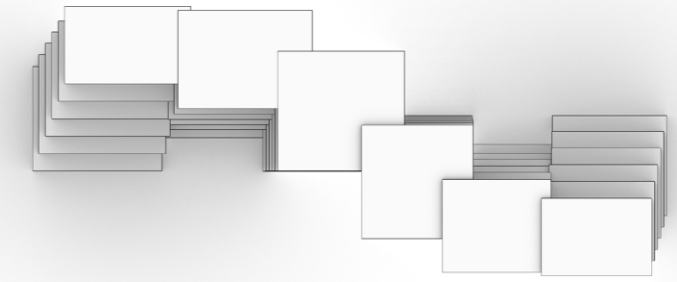
Morphobox Double Curved Srf



Varianten UV-Werte



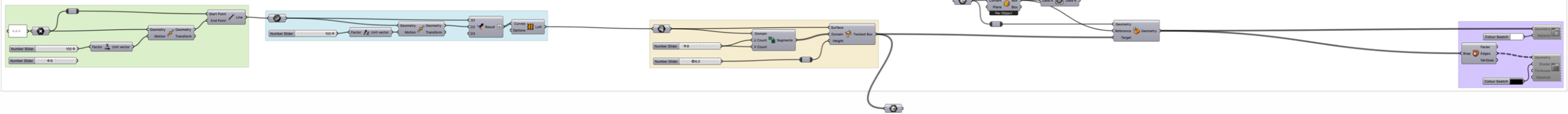
Domain



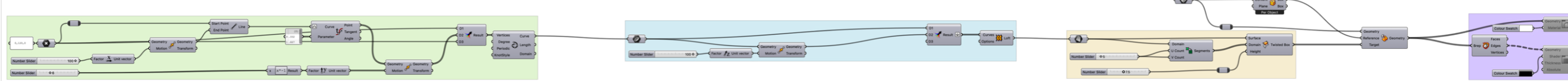
Grasshopper Definition

All Rhino data is either internalised or the geometry is purely Parametrically generated. The Plugin Human is needed for some Display purposes.

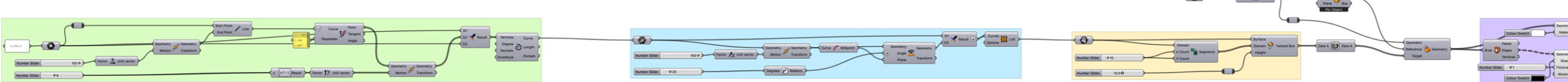
Planar Surface



Single Curved Surface

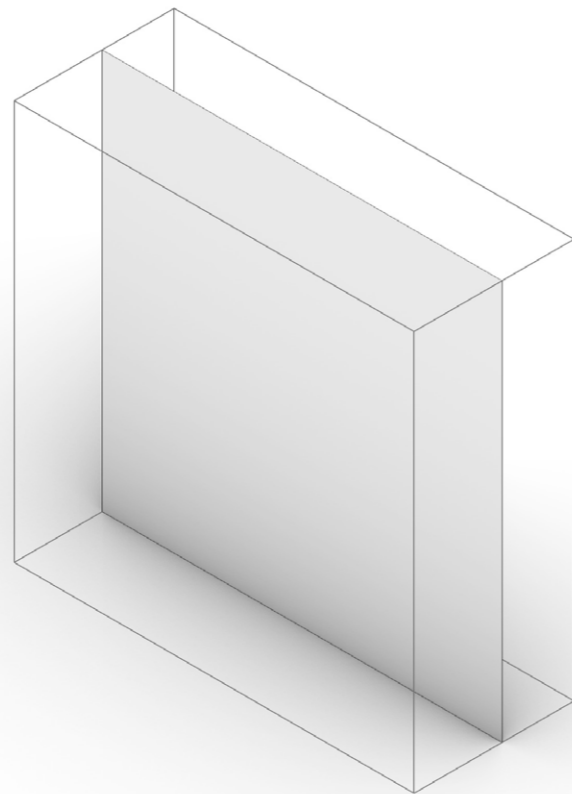


Double Curved Surface

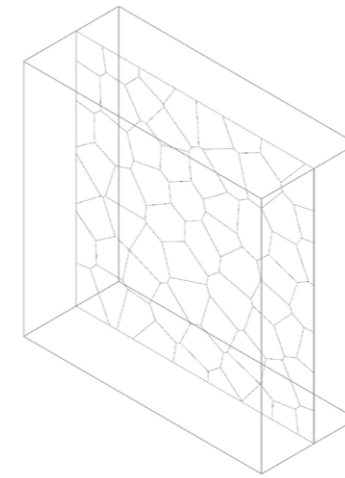


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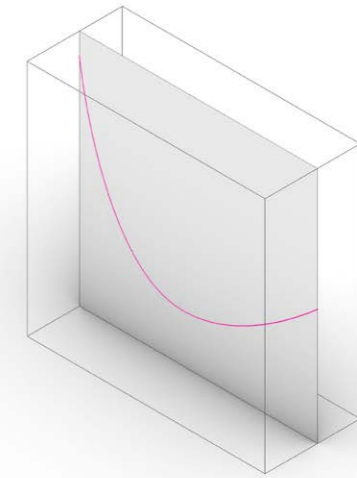
Aggregate 2: Attraction



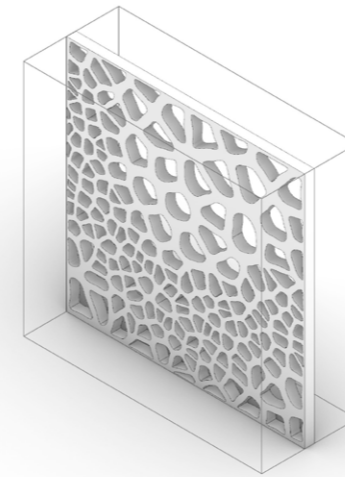
Base Surface



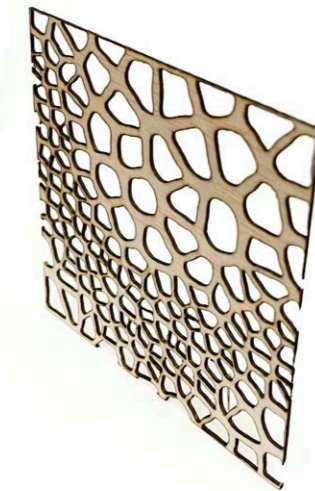
Voronoi



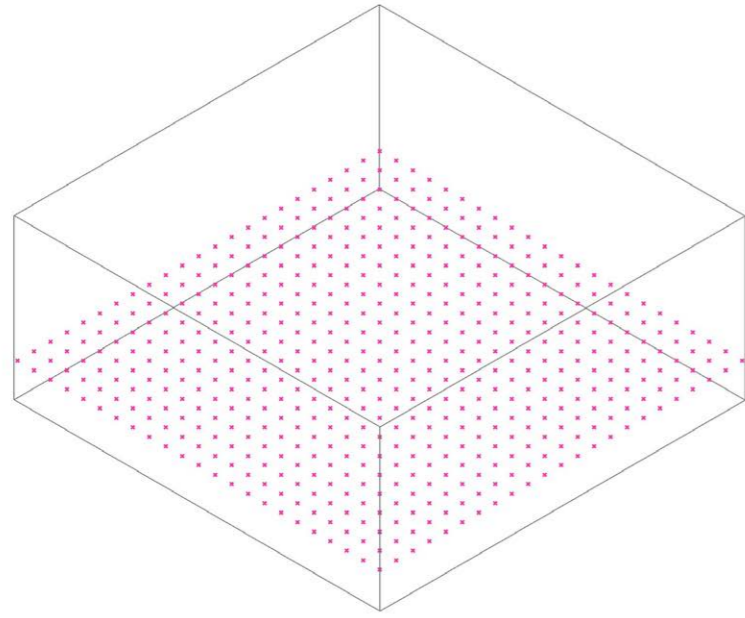
Attractor



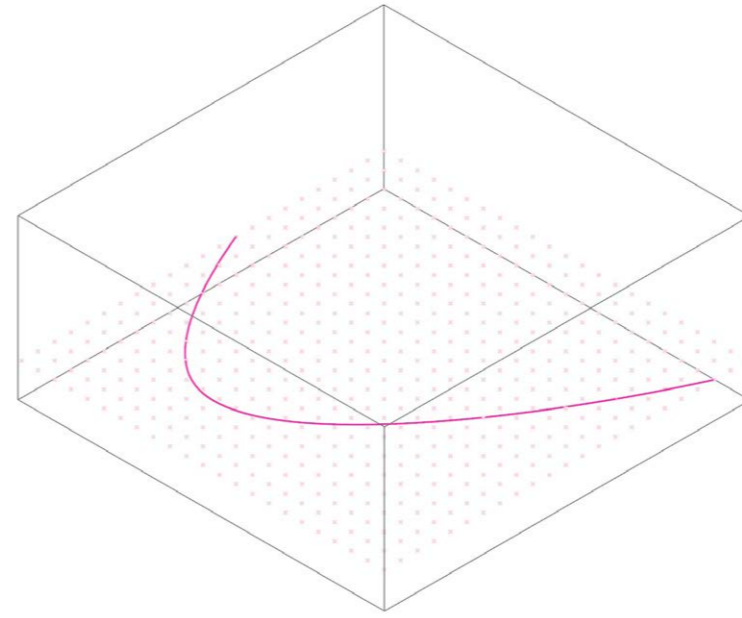
Final Model



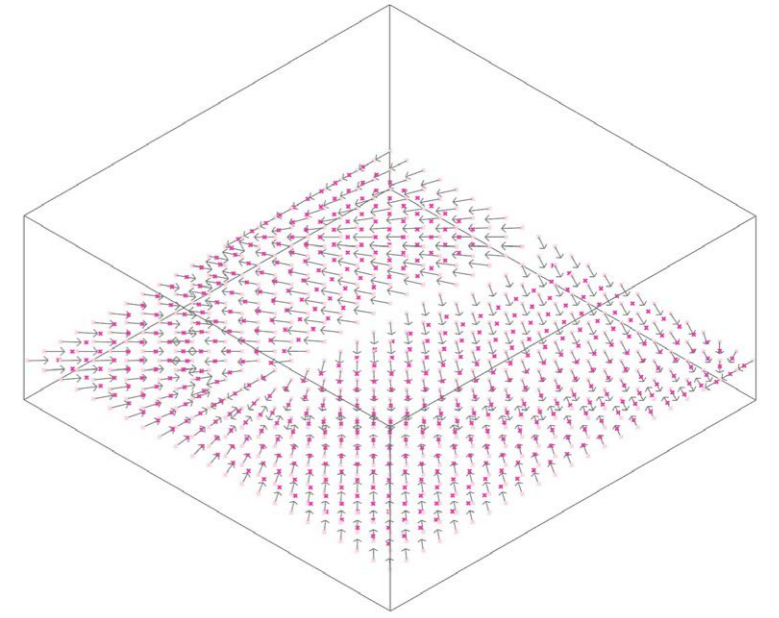
Physical model



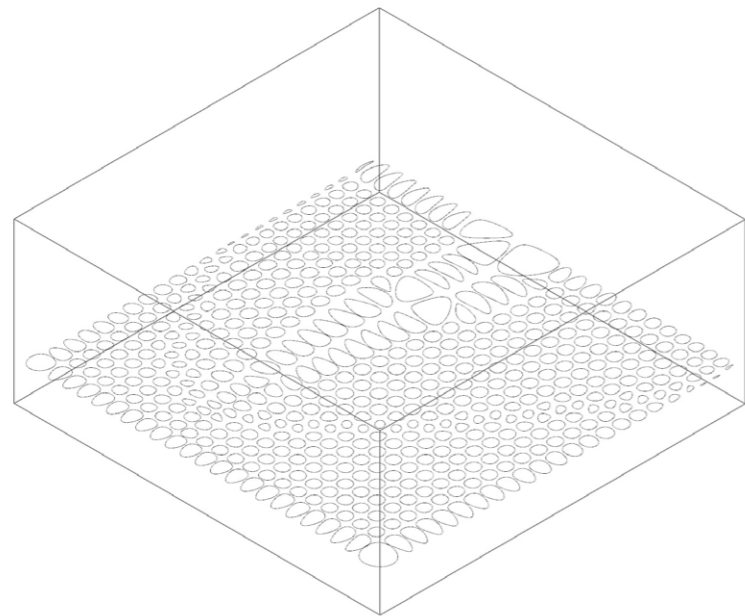
Base Grid



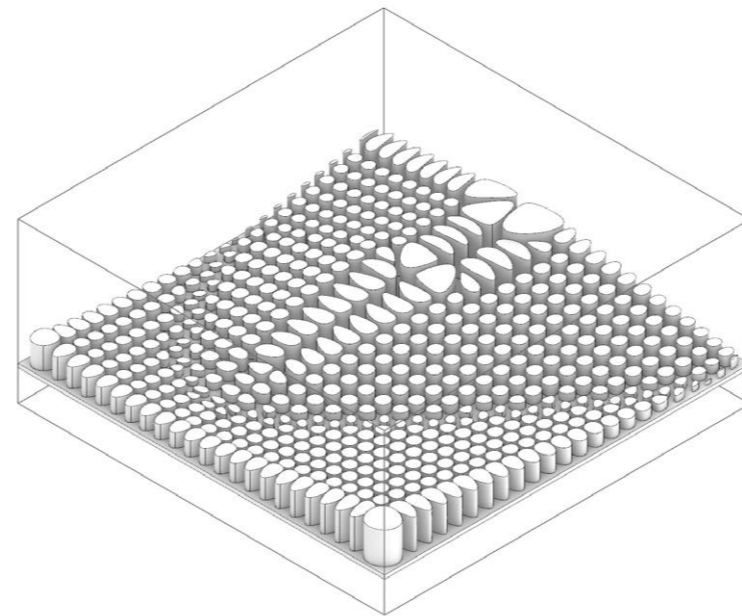
Attractor



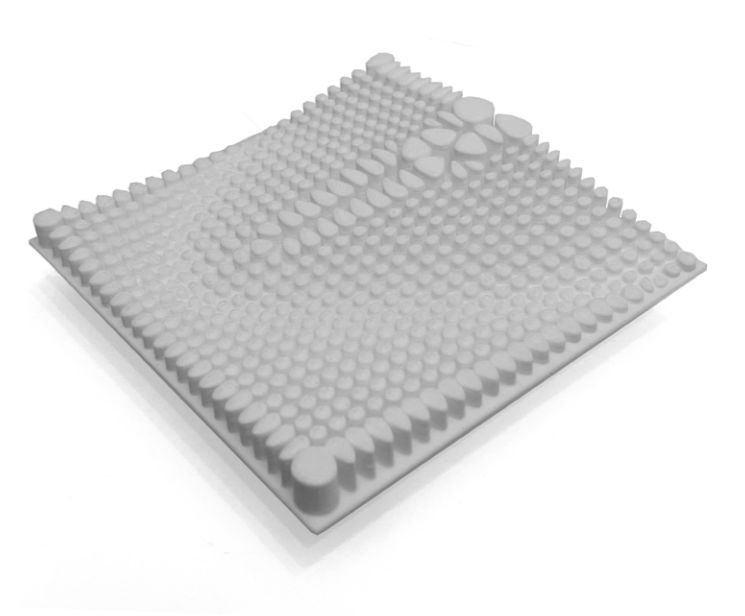
Vector Direction



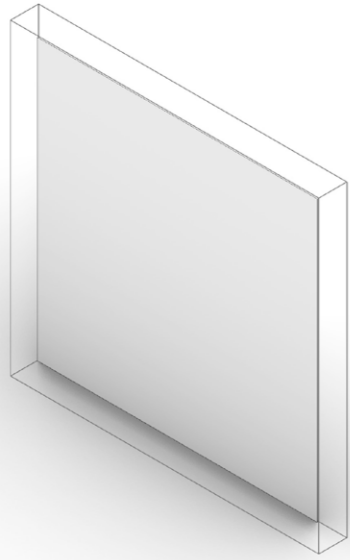
Moduled mapped on Grid



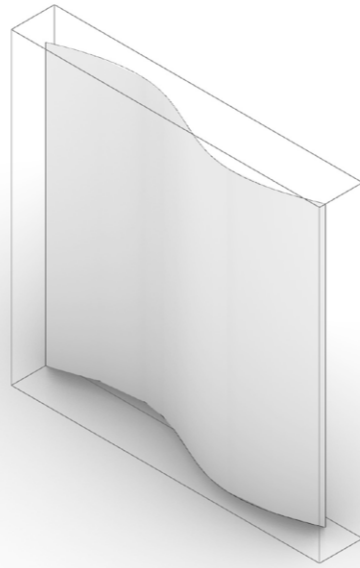
Model Modul



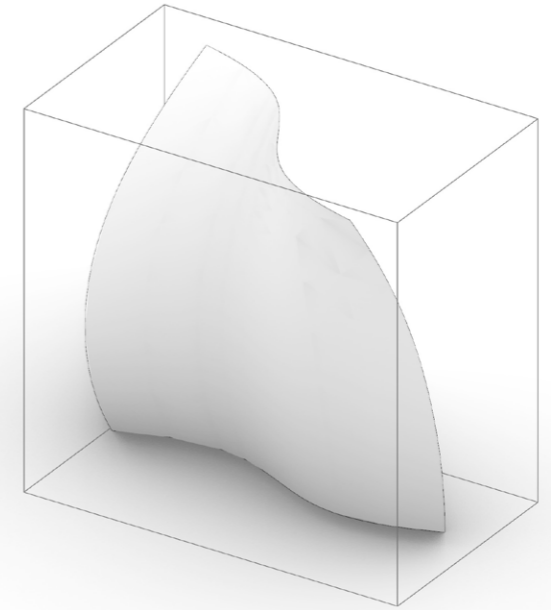
Physical model



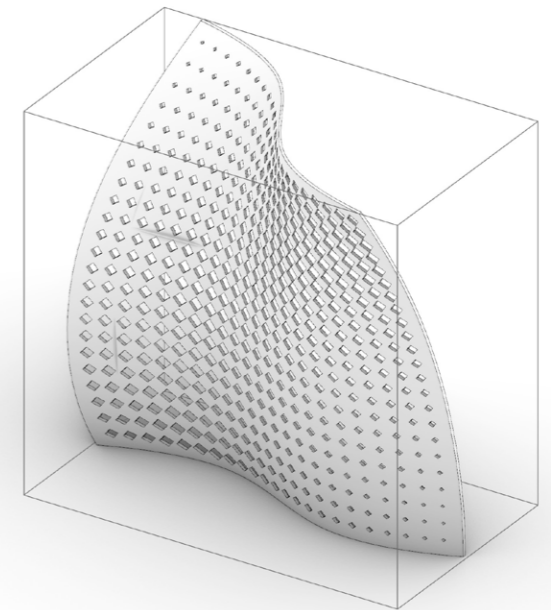
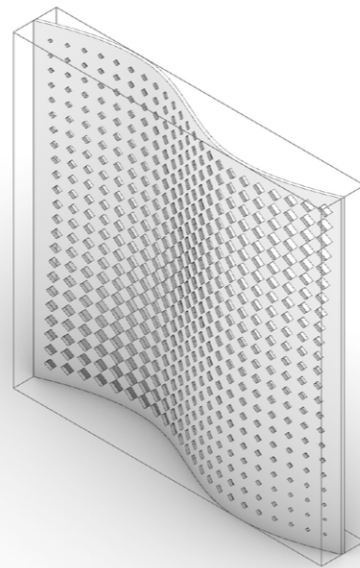
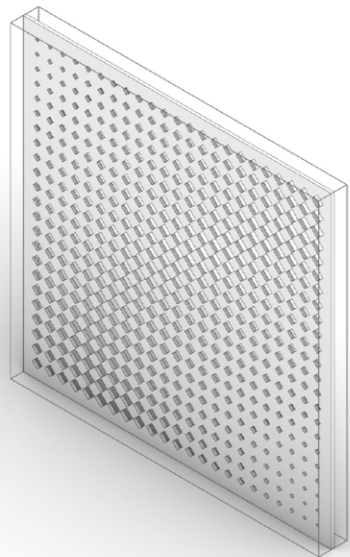
Planar Surface



Single Curved Surface

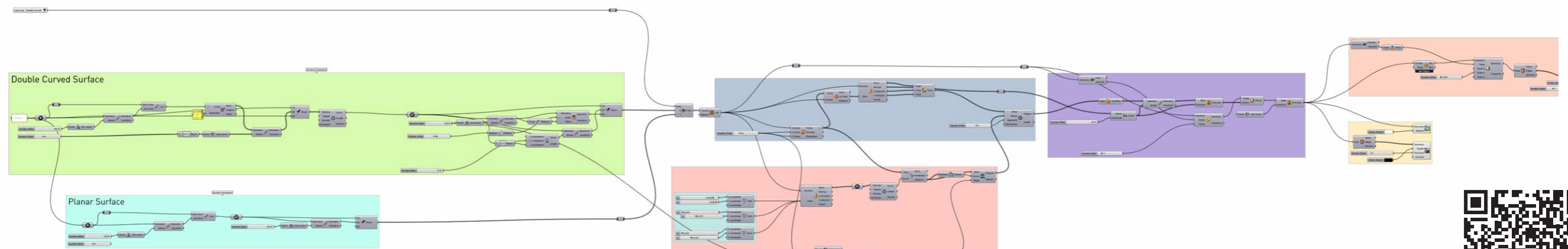
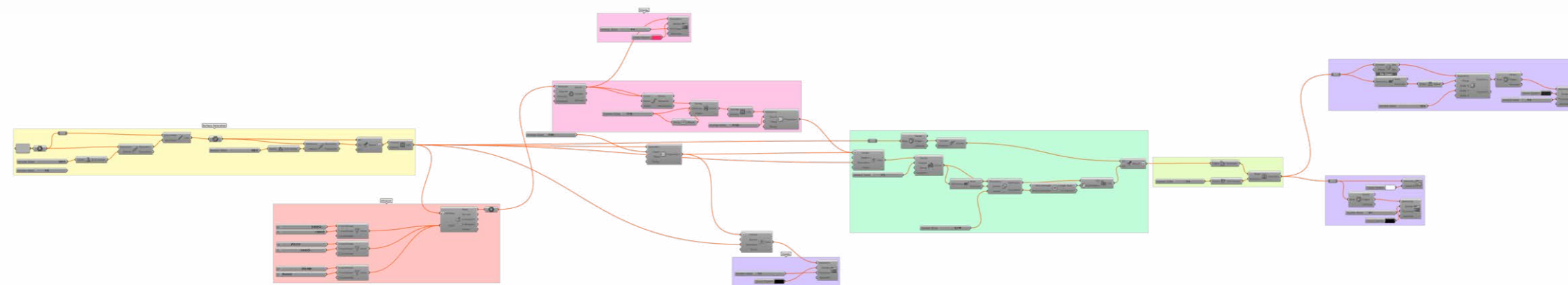
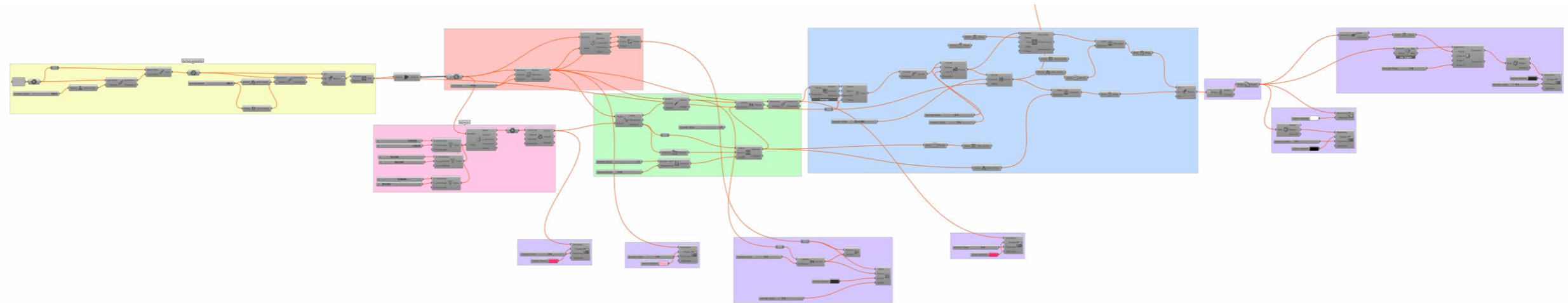


Double Curved Surface

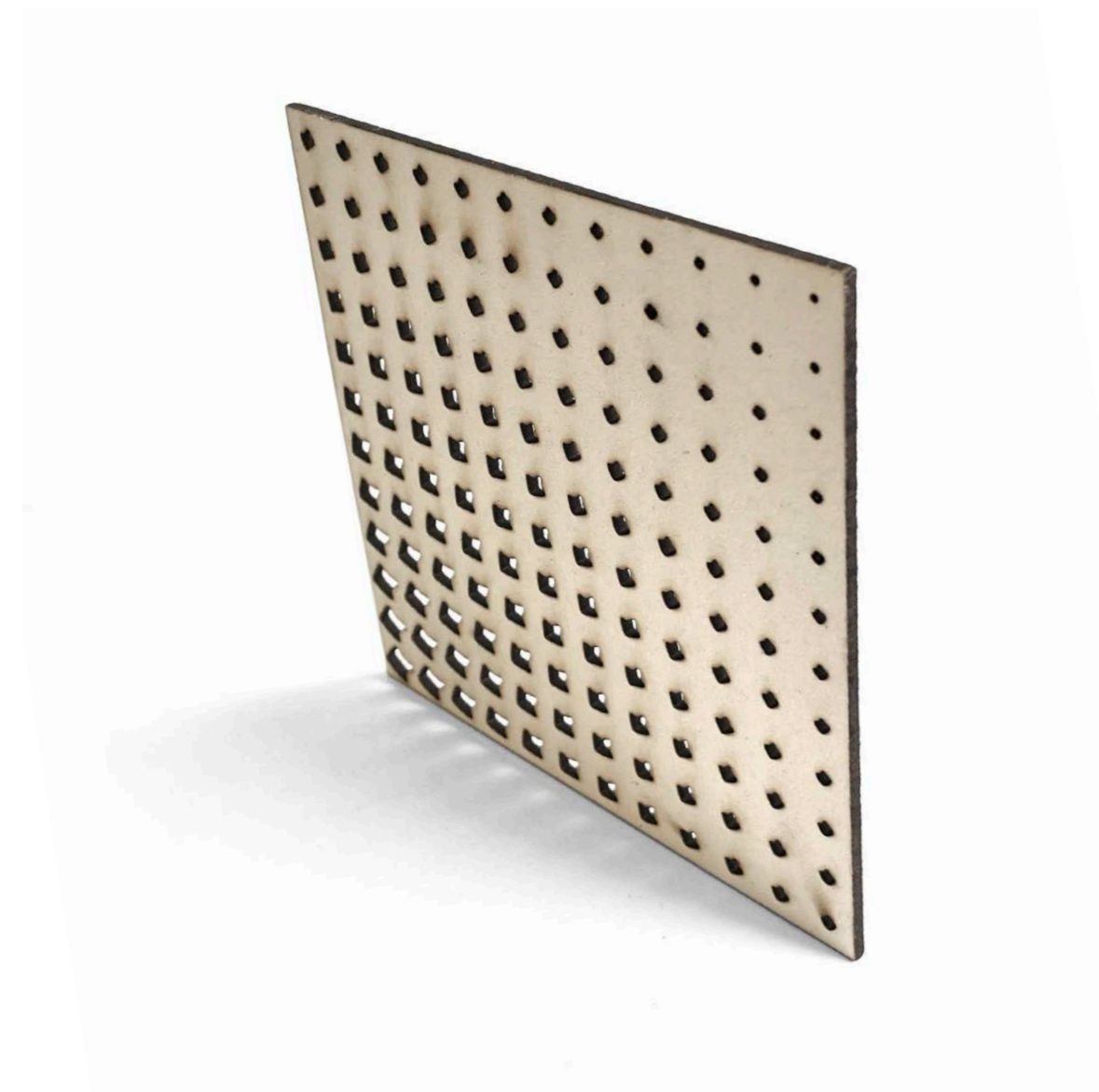


Grasshopper Definition

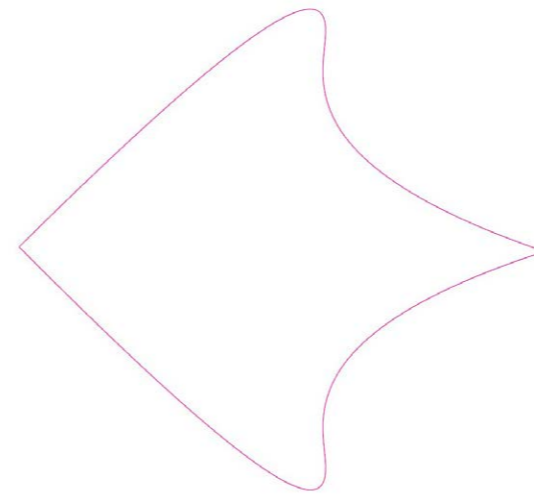
All Rhino data is either internalised or the geometry is purely Parametricly generated. The Plugin Human is needed for some Display purposes.



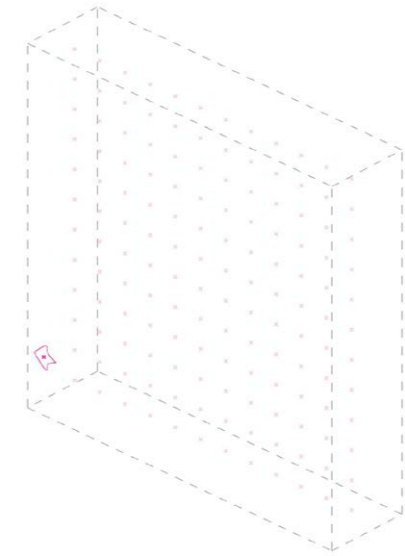
Aggregate 3: Vector 2Point



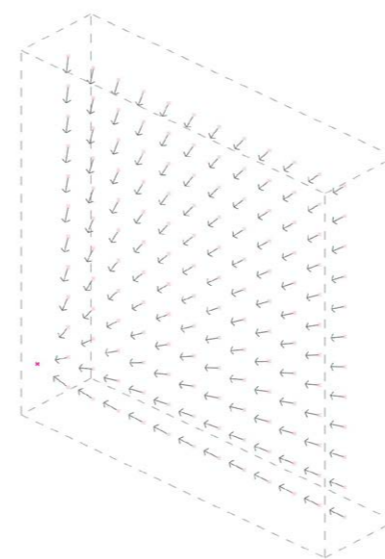
Physical model



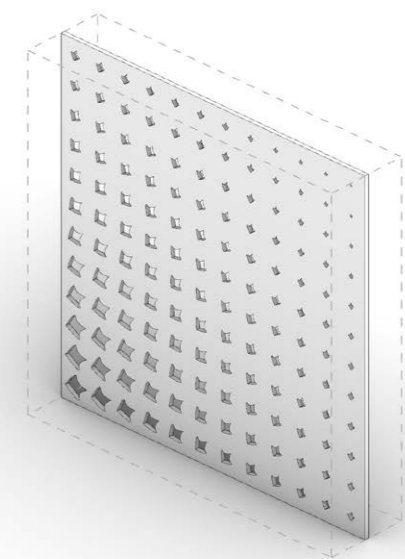
Modul Pattern



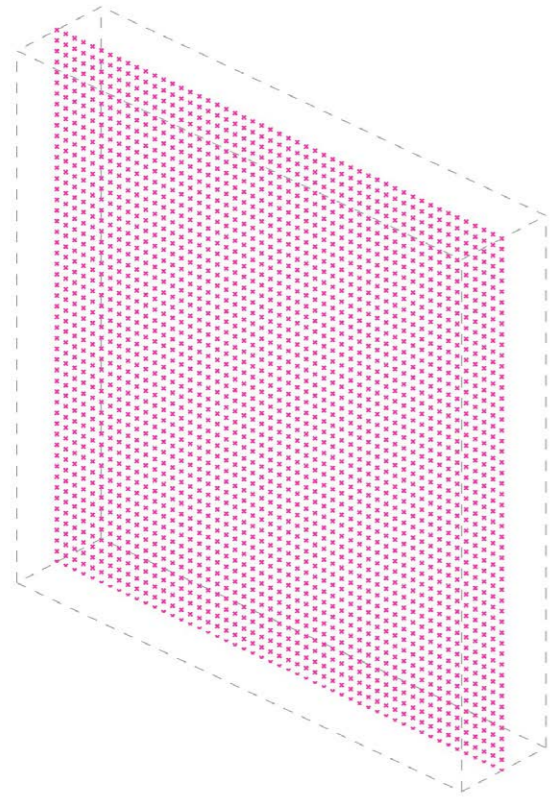
Grid and Atractor



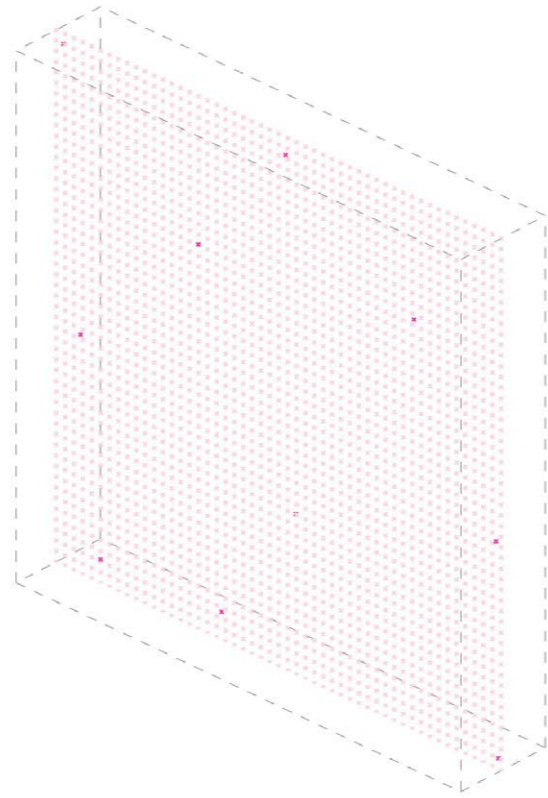
Vector Direction



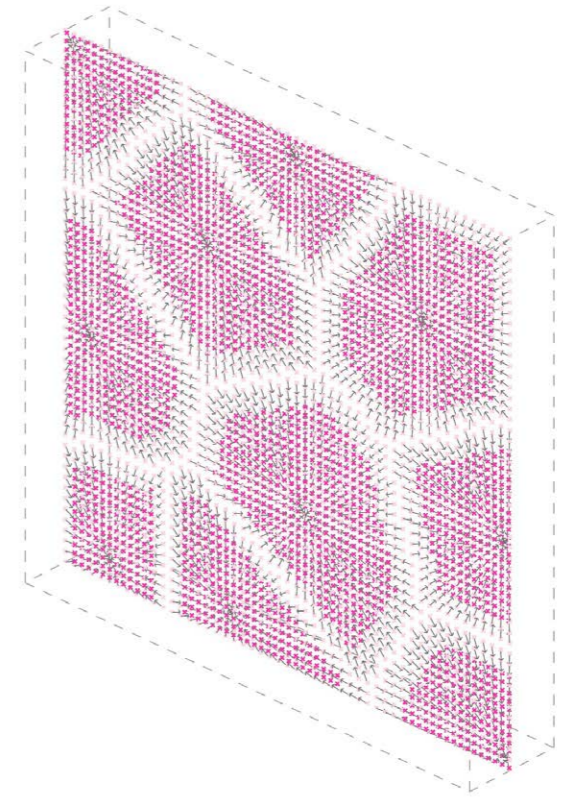
Final Render



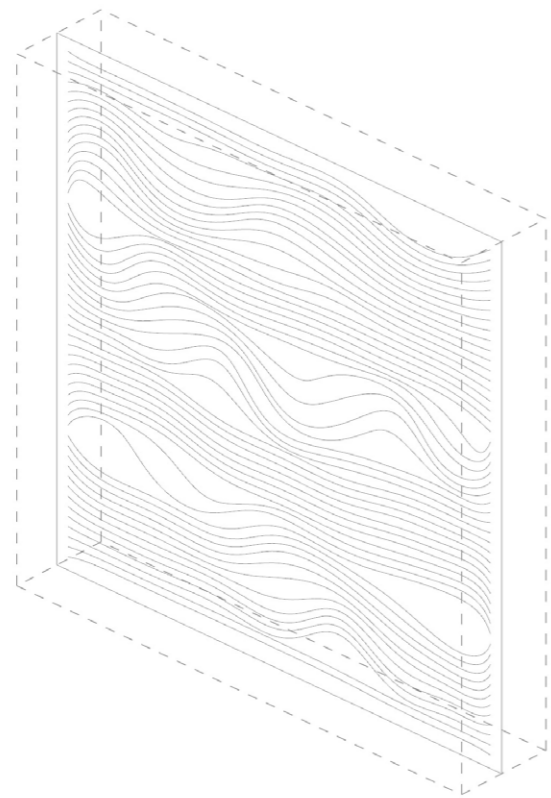
Base Grid 50 x 50



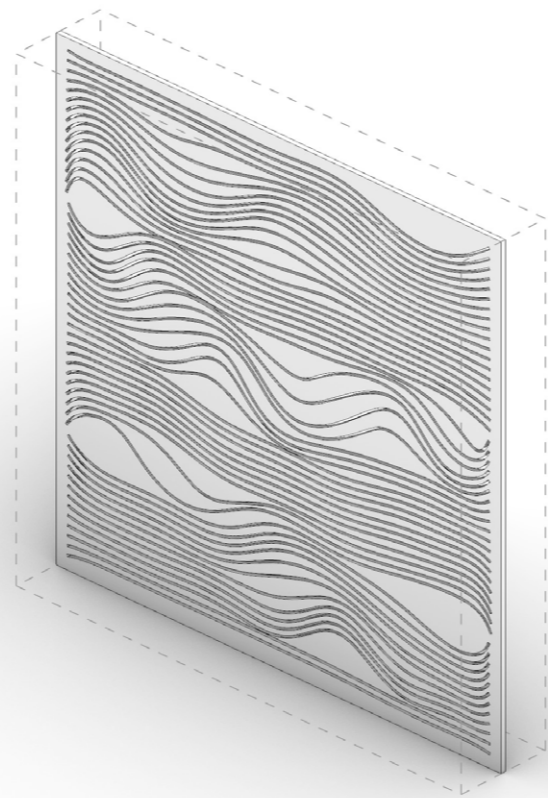
Attractors



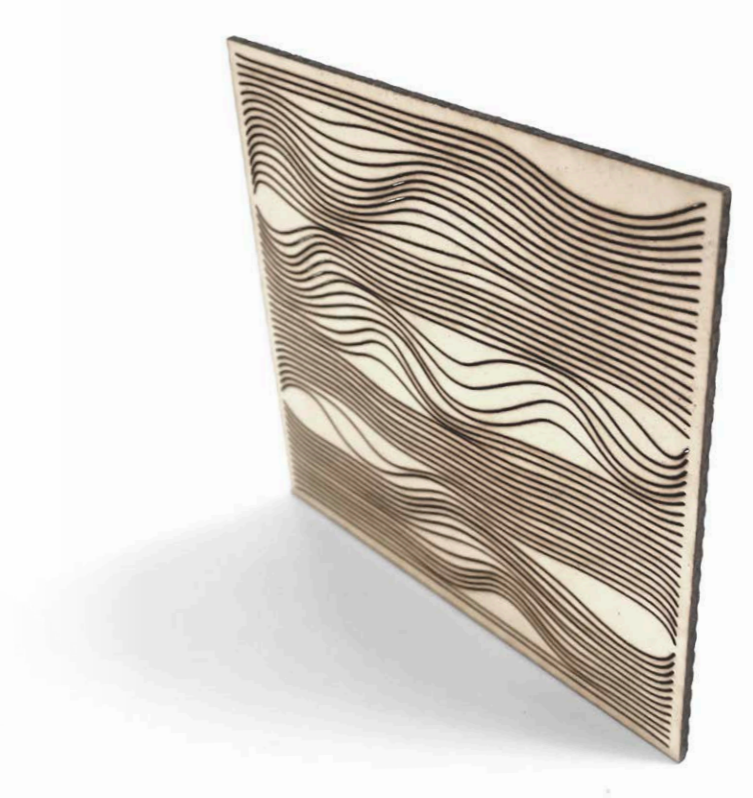
Vector Direction



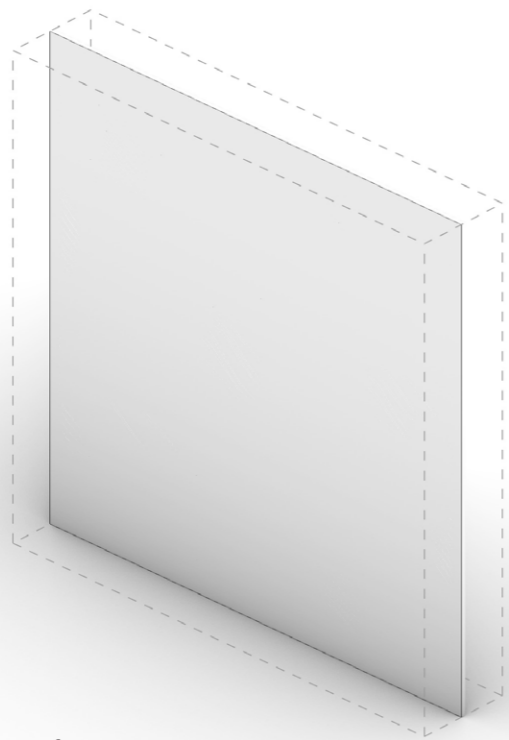
Curves mapped to Grid



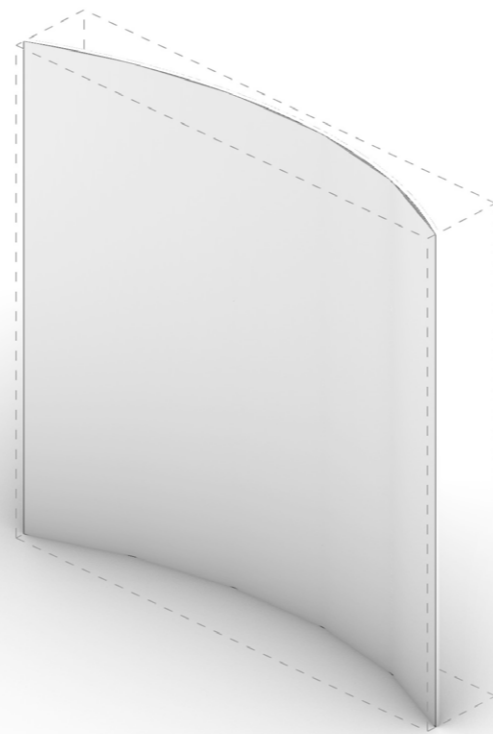
As a Solid Object



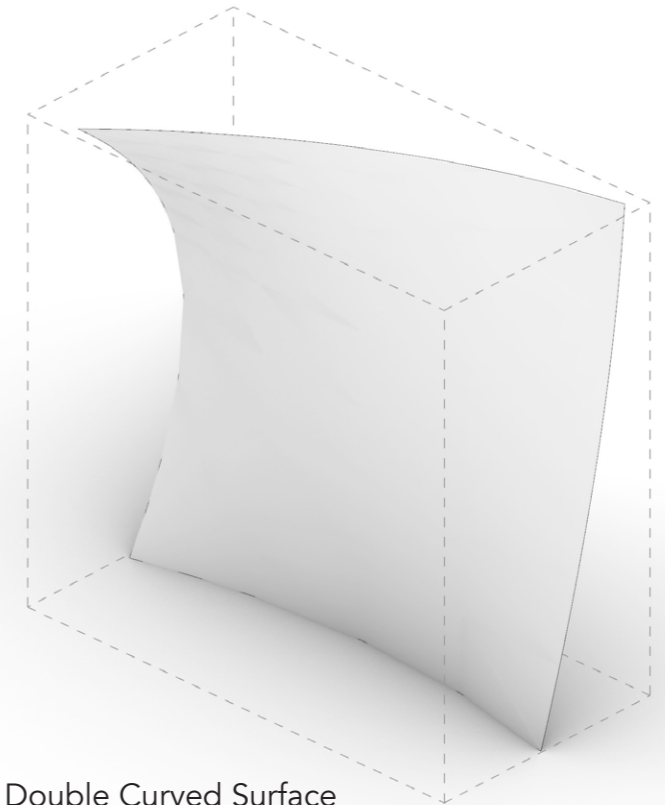
Physical model



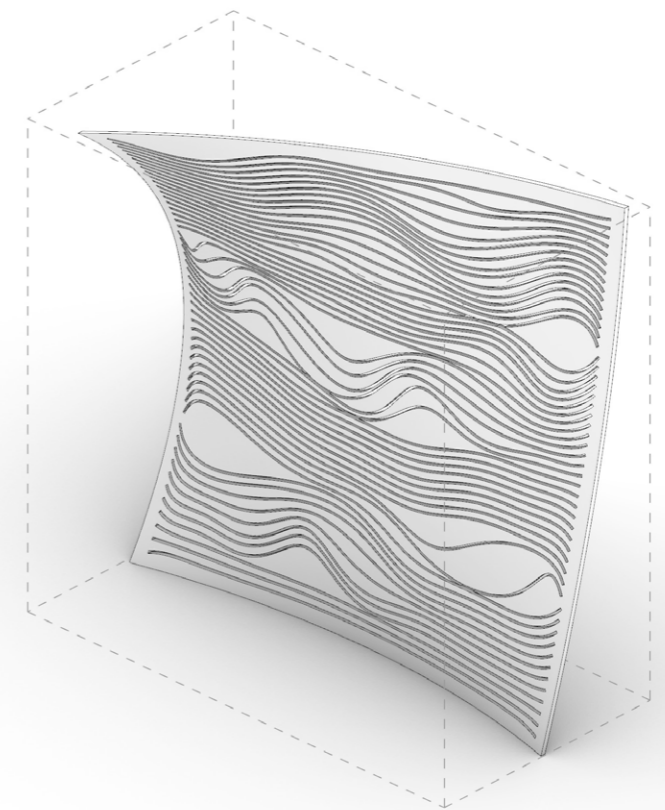
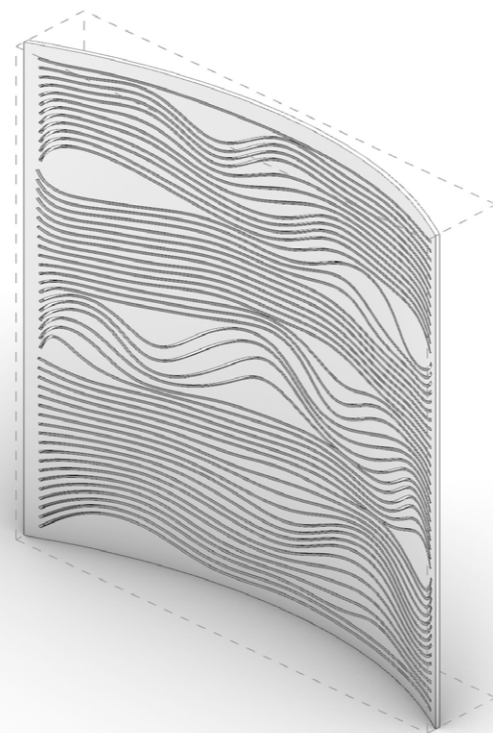
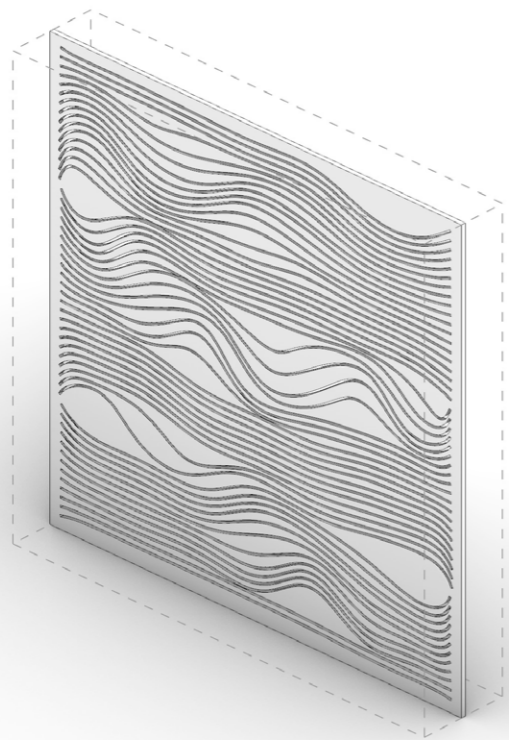
Planar Surface



Single Curved Surface

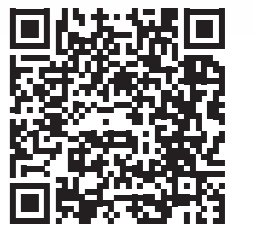
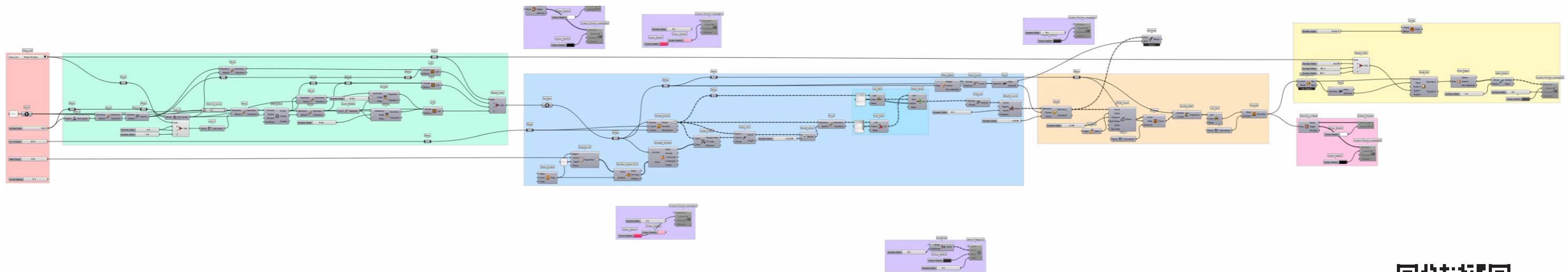


Double Curved Surface



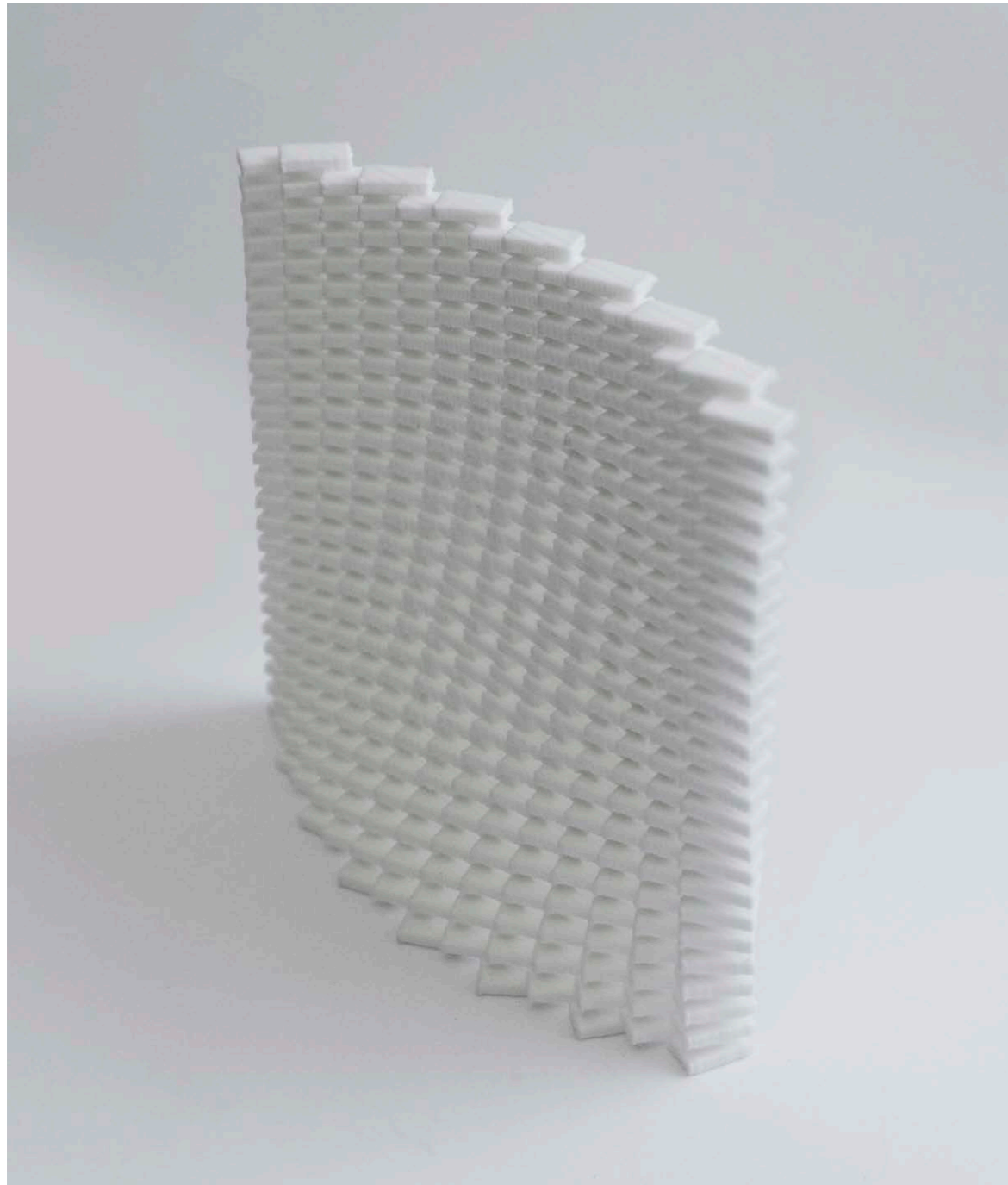
Grasshopper Definition

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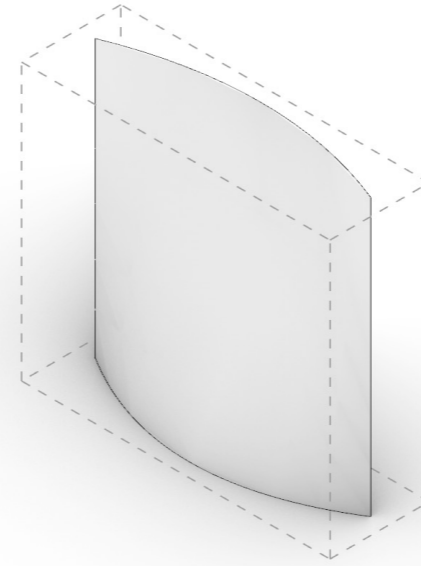


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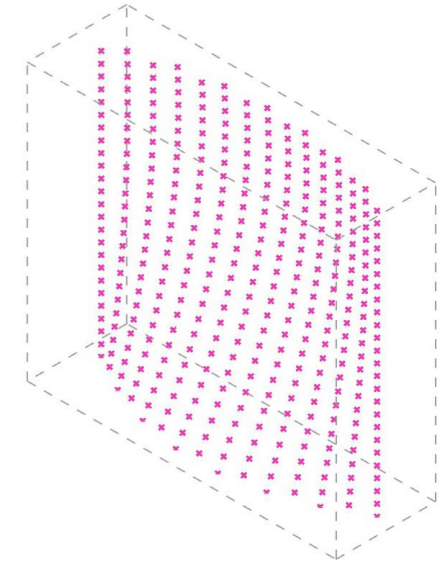
Aggregate 4: Brick Wall



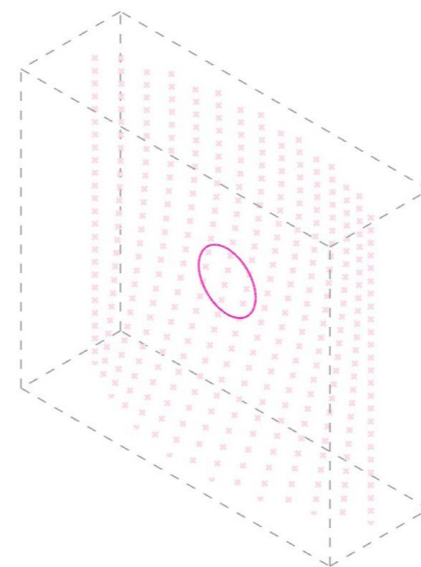
Physical Model



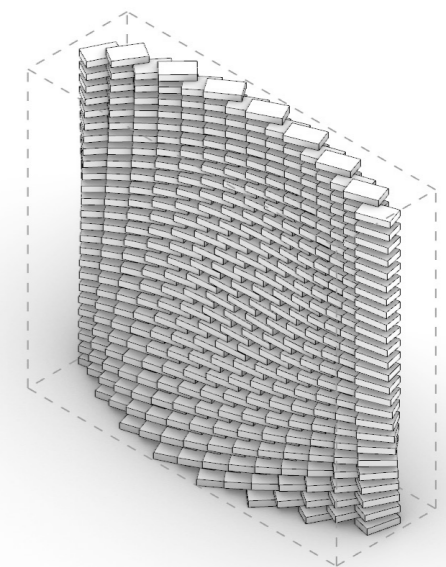
Base Surface



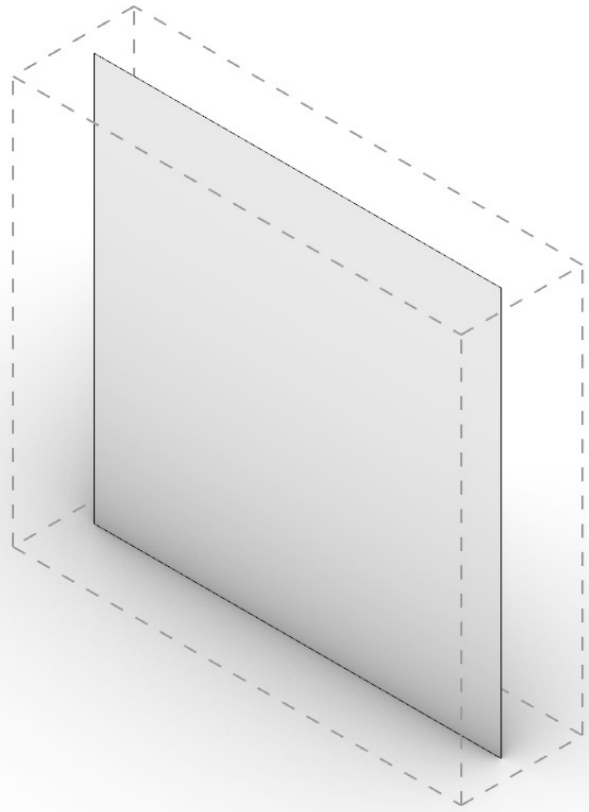
Base Grid



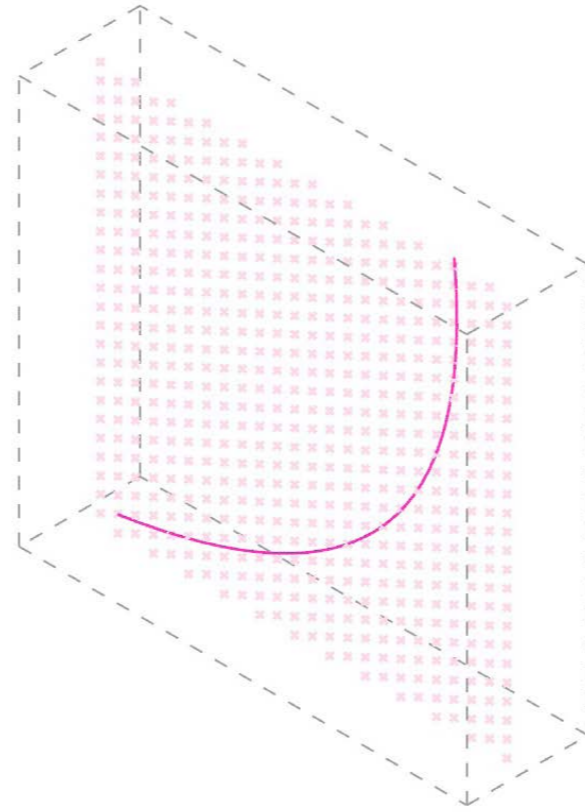
Attractor



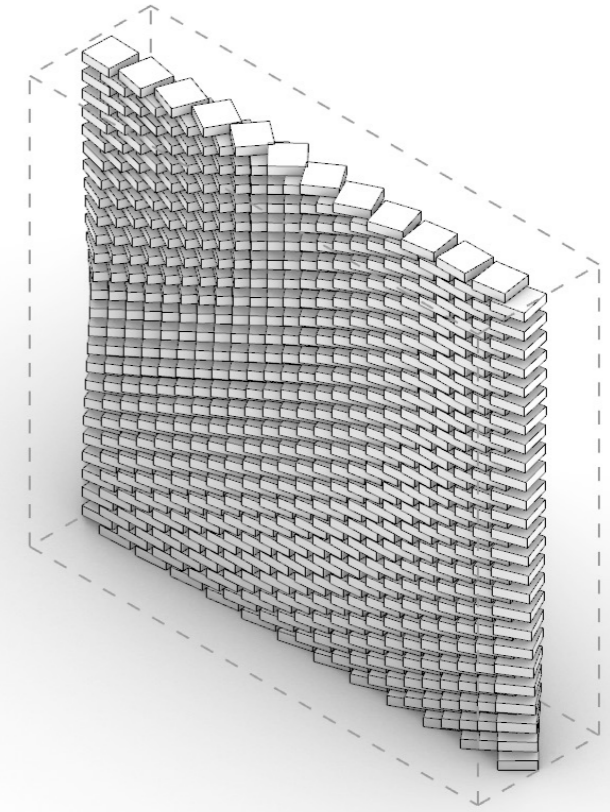
Model



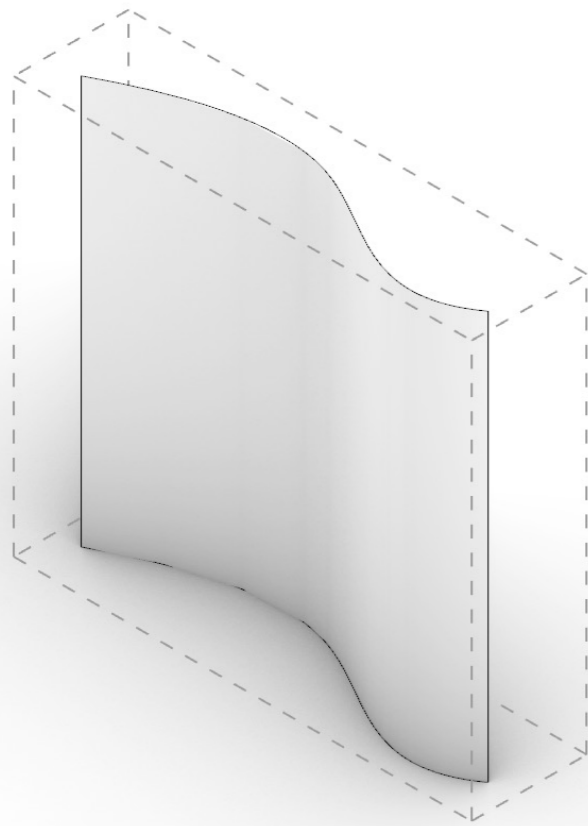
Planar Base Surface



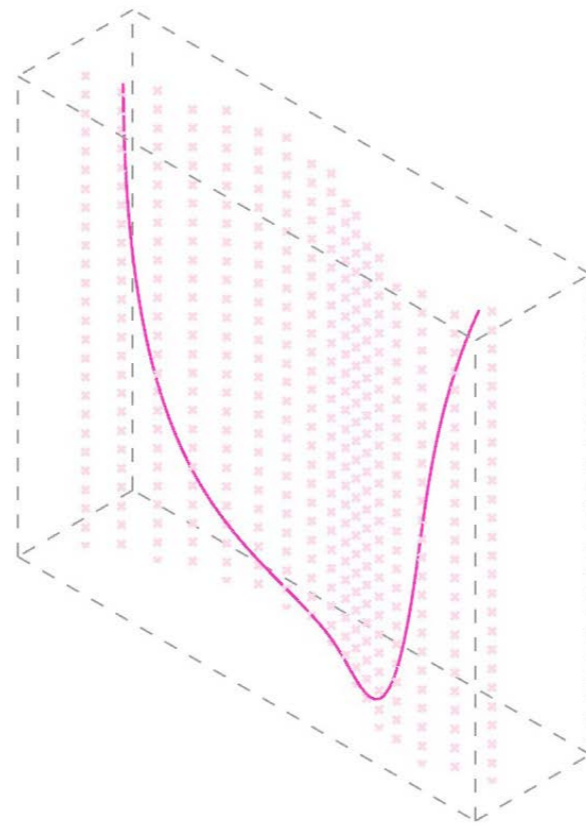
Grid and Attractor



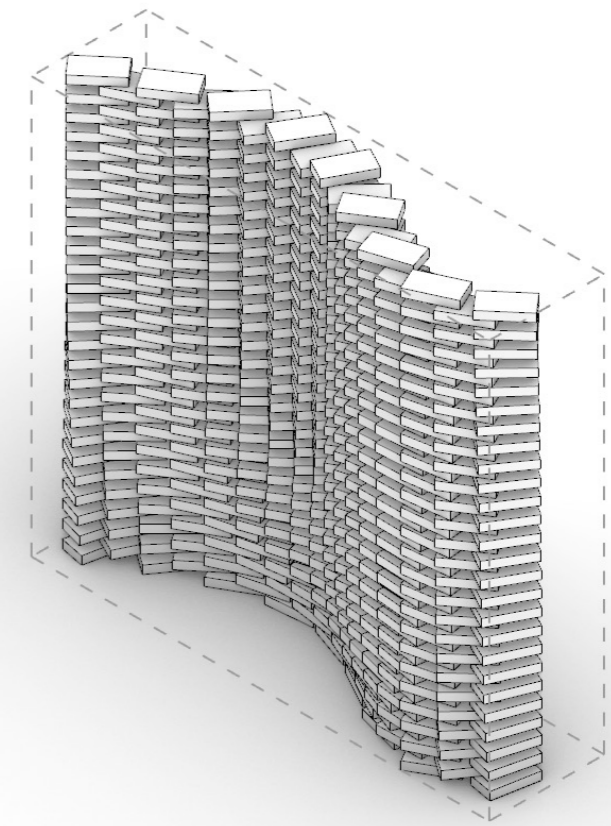
Model



Single Curved Base Surface

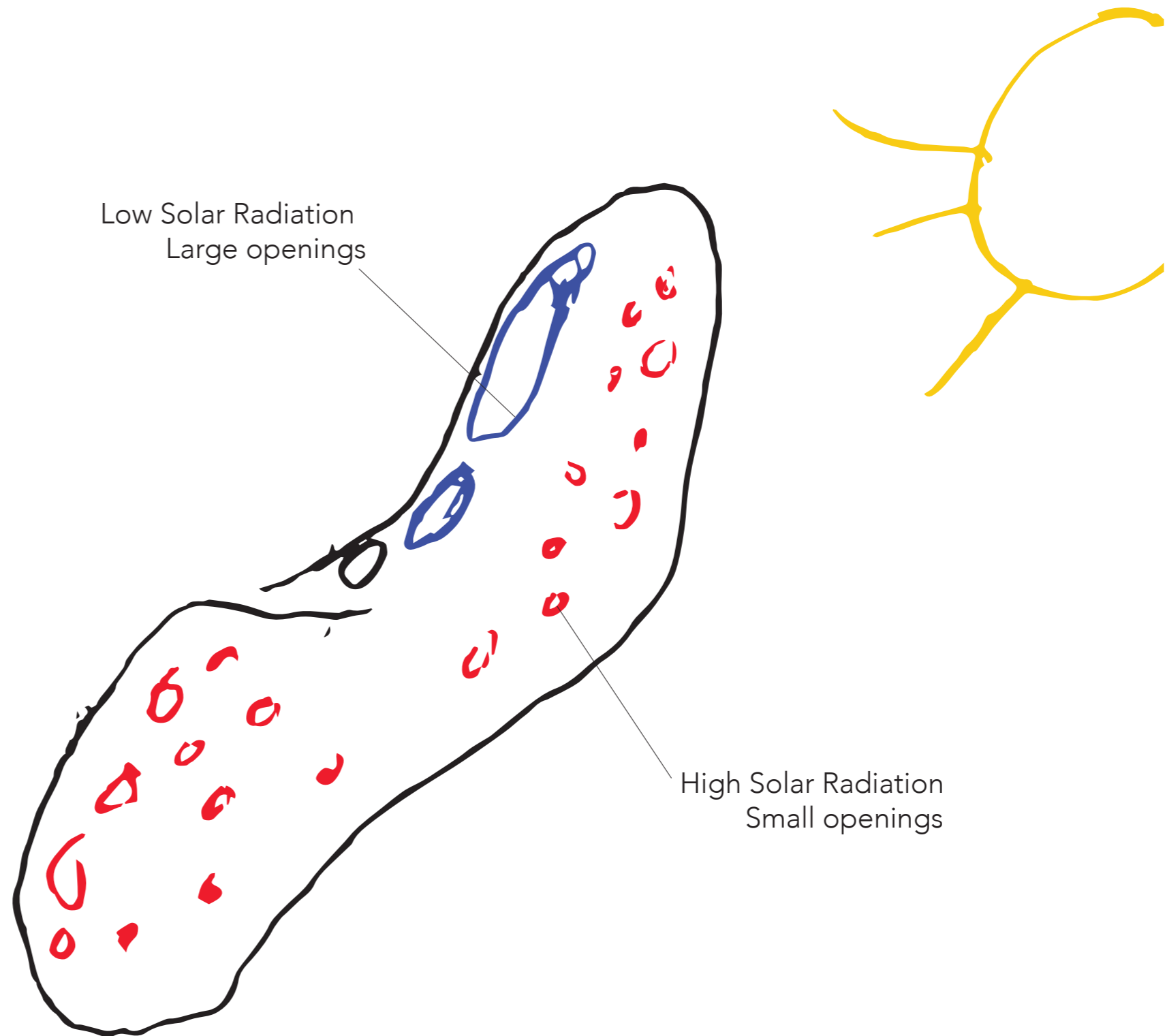


Grid and Attractor



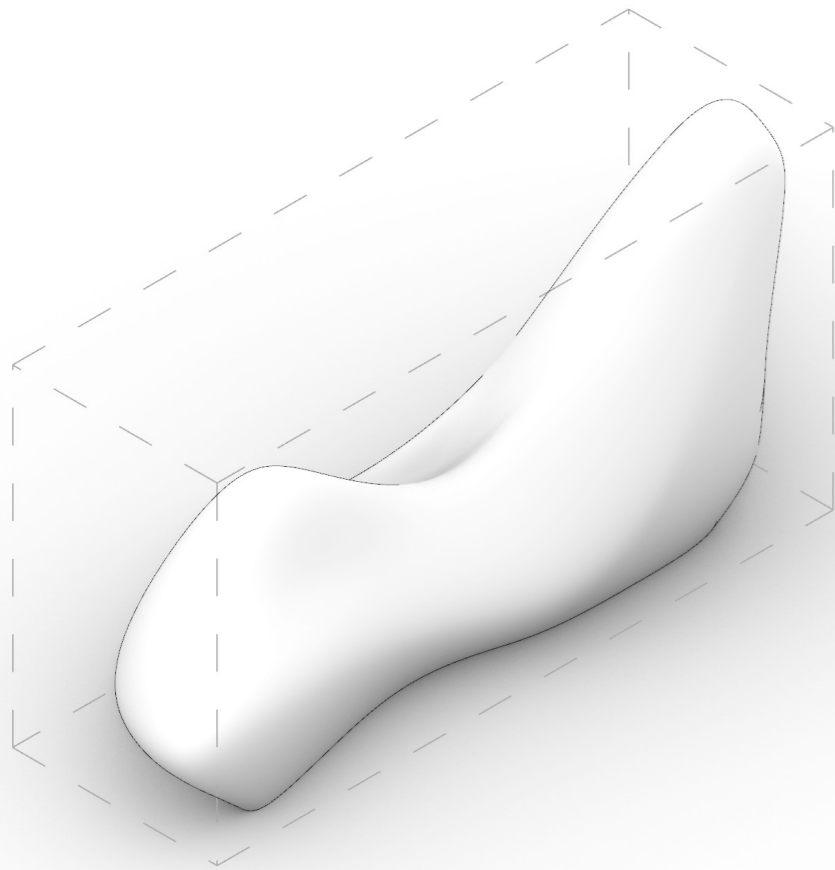
Model

Final Model: Idea



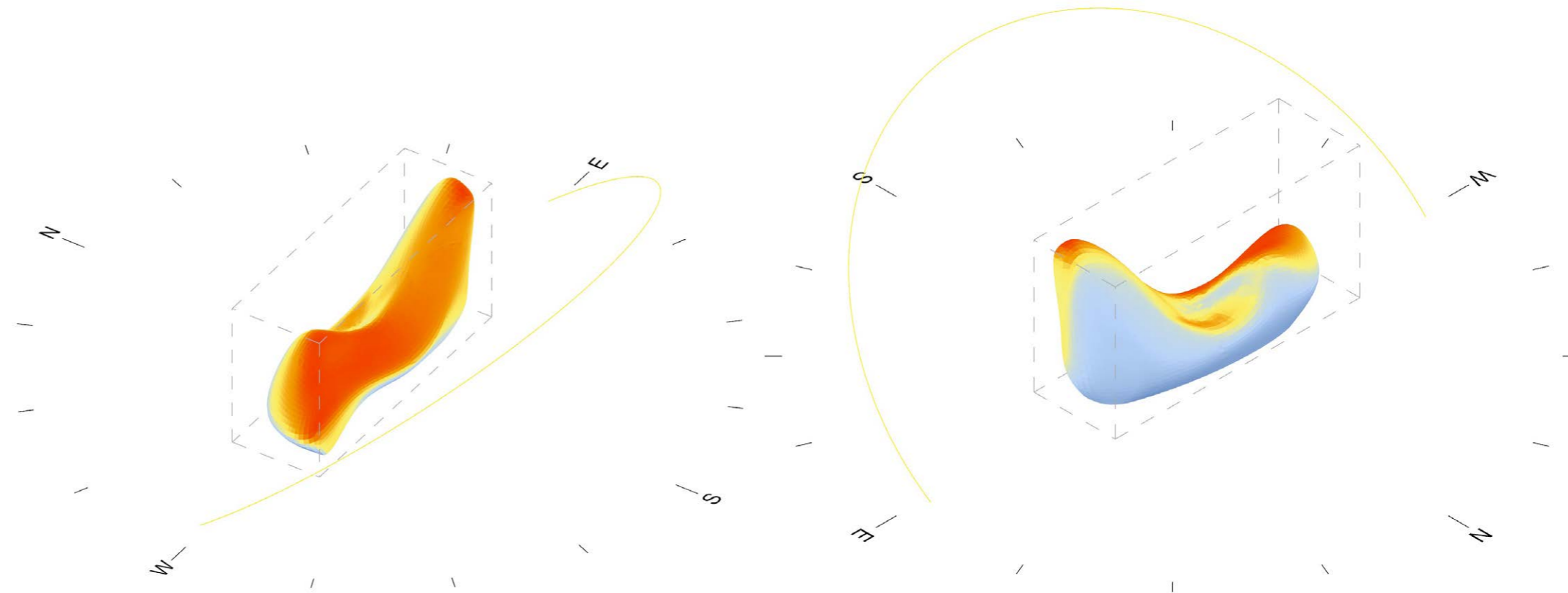
The basic idea behind mein Final model is to populate a Freeform surface with openings that are Scaled inverse to the solar radiation they receive.

Aggregate 5: Ladybug



Base Surface

In this first attempt Ladybug is used to generate Circles on a relativ fine Mesh. The circles are then subttacted from the Base Surafce



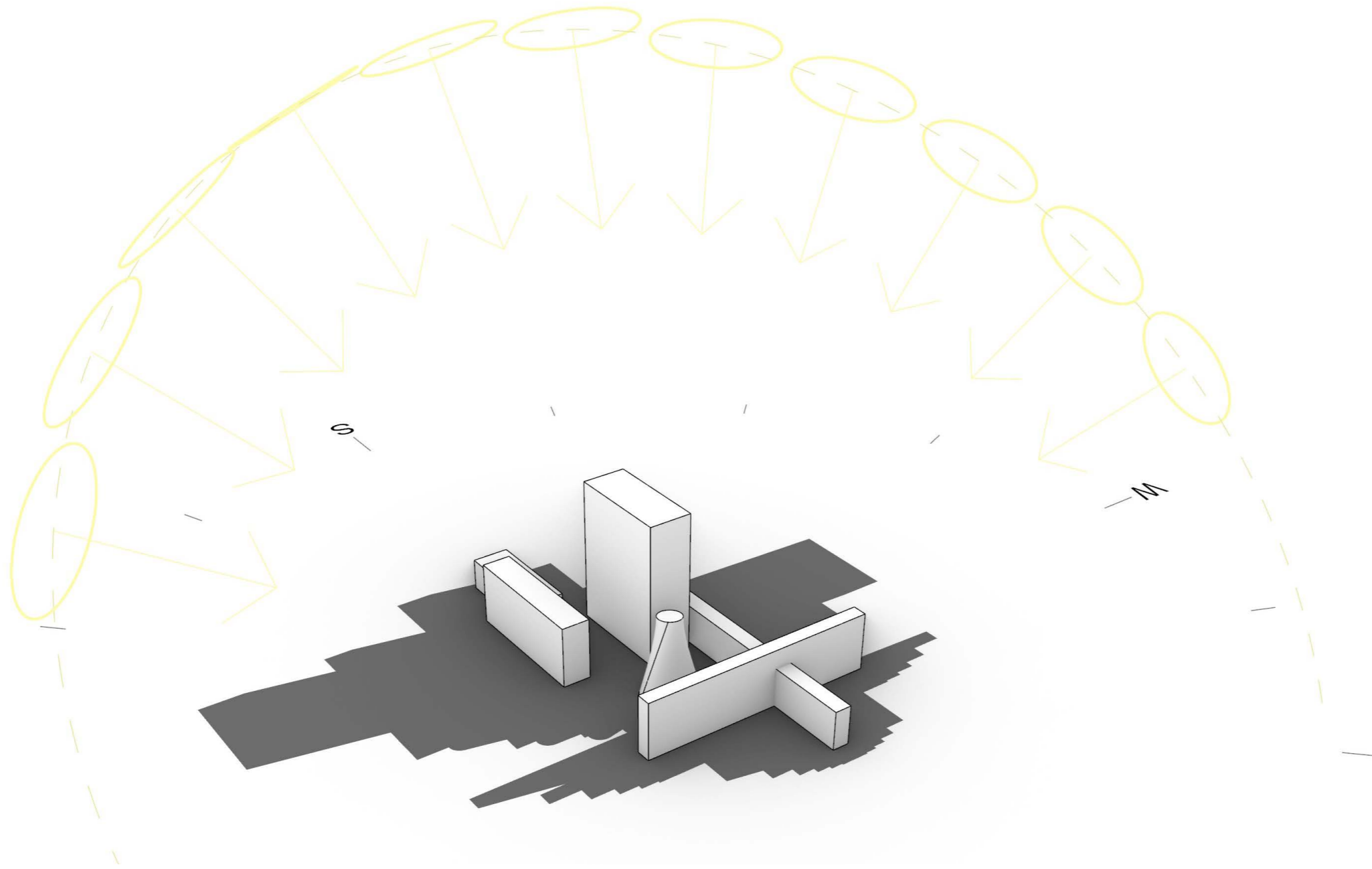
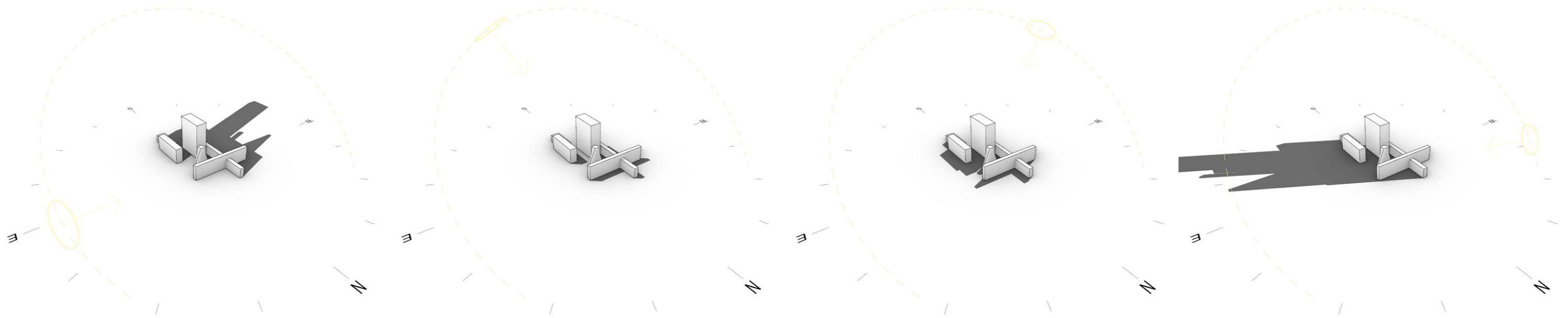
Sun Analysis



Shade Optimized Arcs

Model





Shadow Simulation

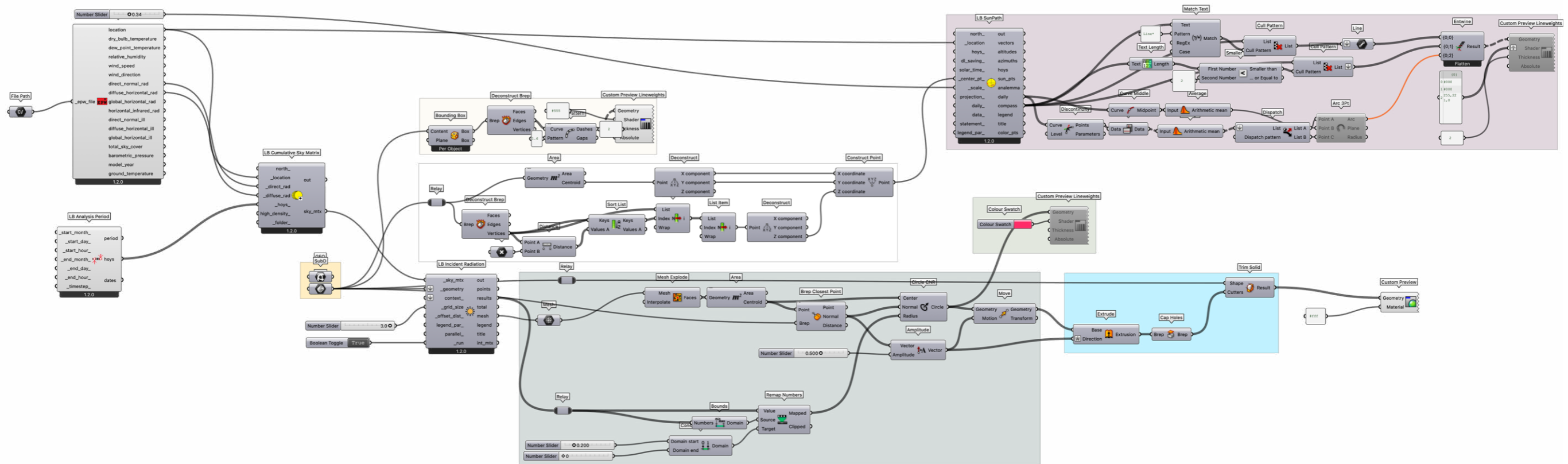


Animation here:

https://pascalnun.com/share/video/dEk_LB_shadow_ani/

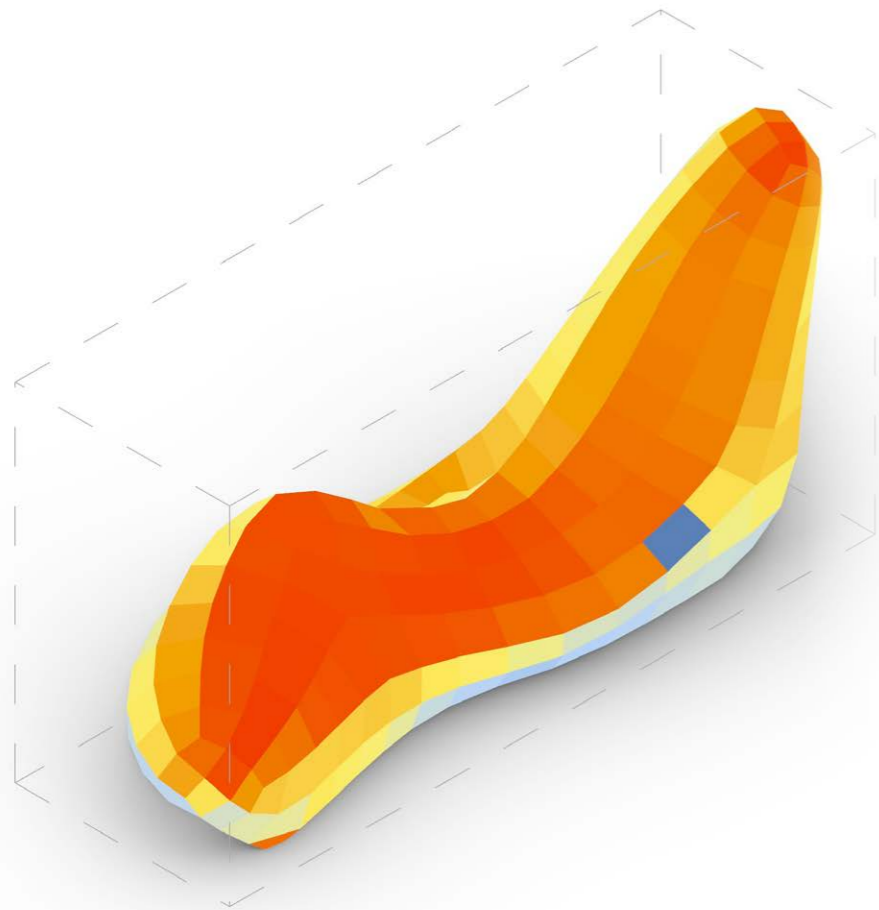
Grasshopper Definition

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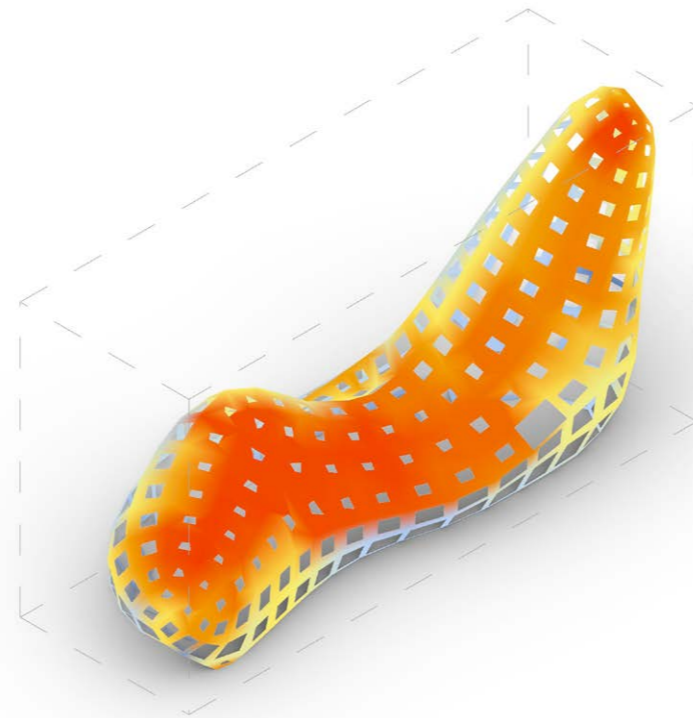
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Aggregate 6: Ladybug

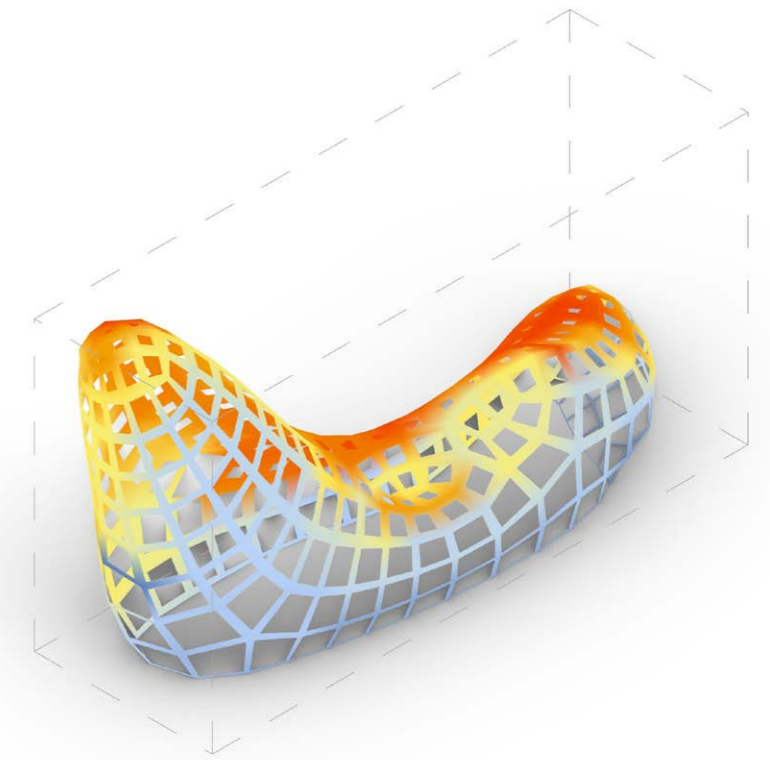


Base Mesh and Solar radiation

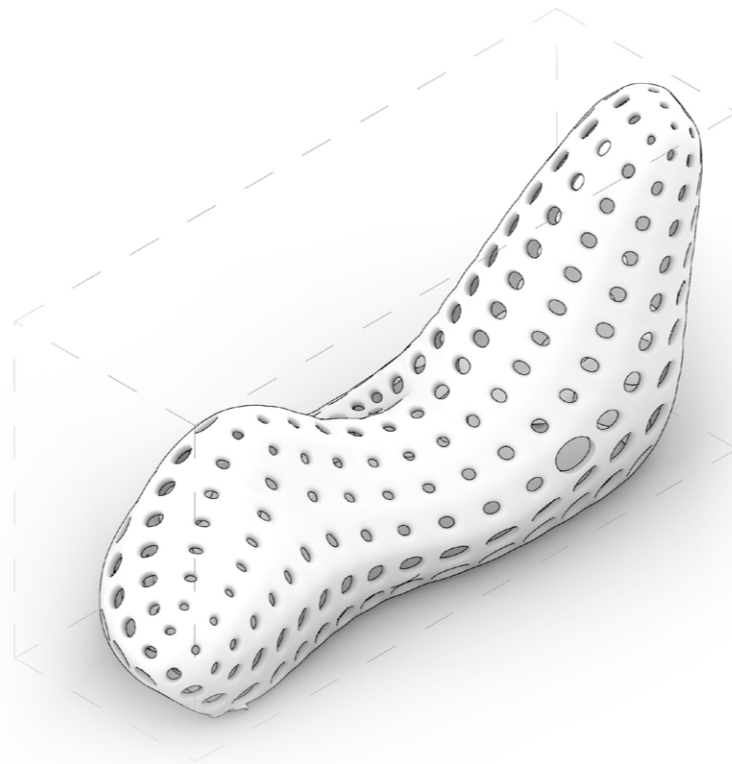
Using the insights of the first attempt in this attempted the base mesh is more coarse and distribute more evenly. The Mesh is then offset based on the Radiation.



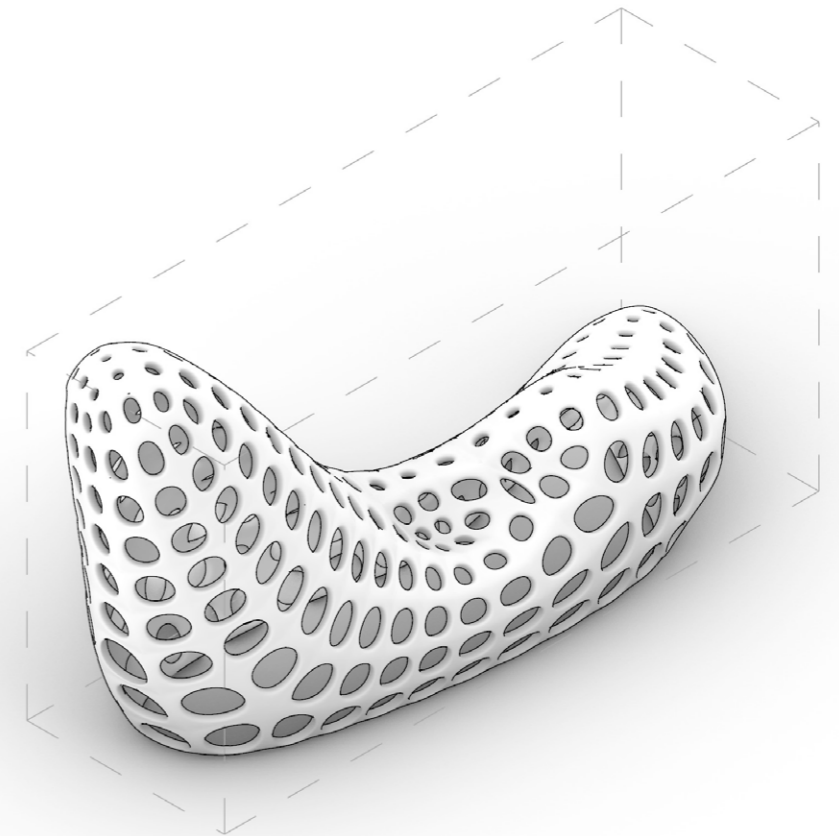
Offset Mesh



Offset Mesh



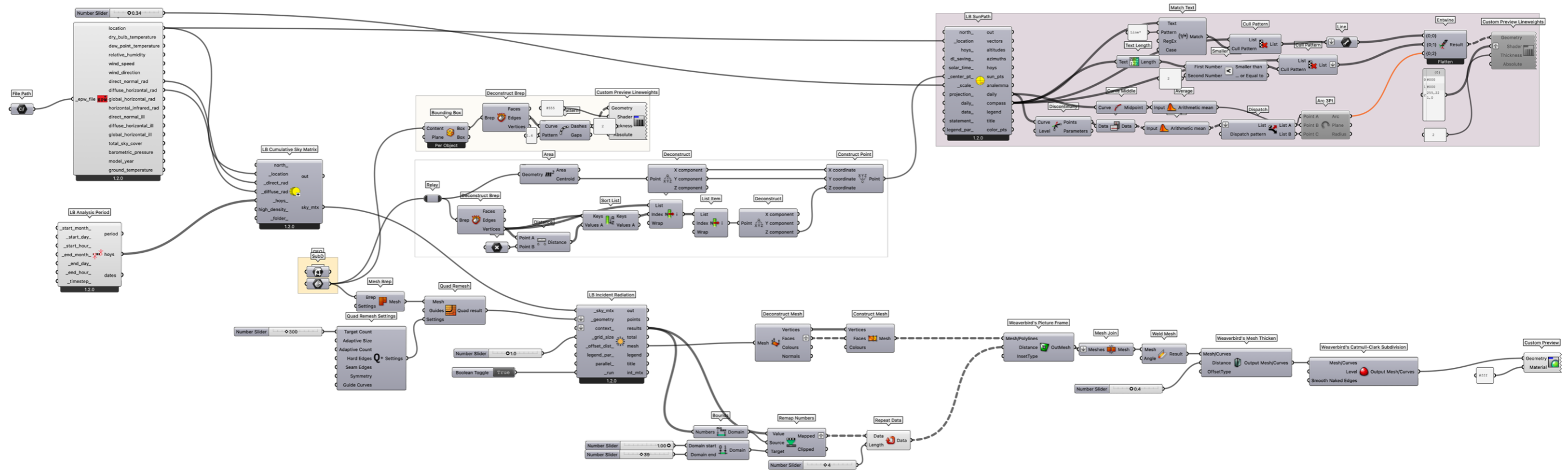
Isometric view



Isometric view

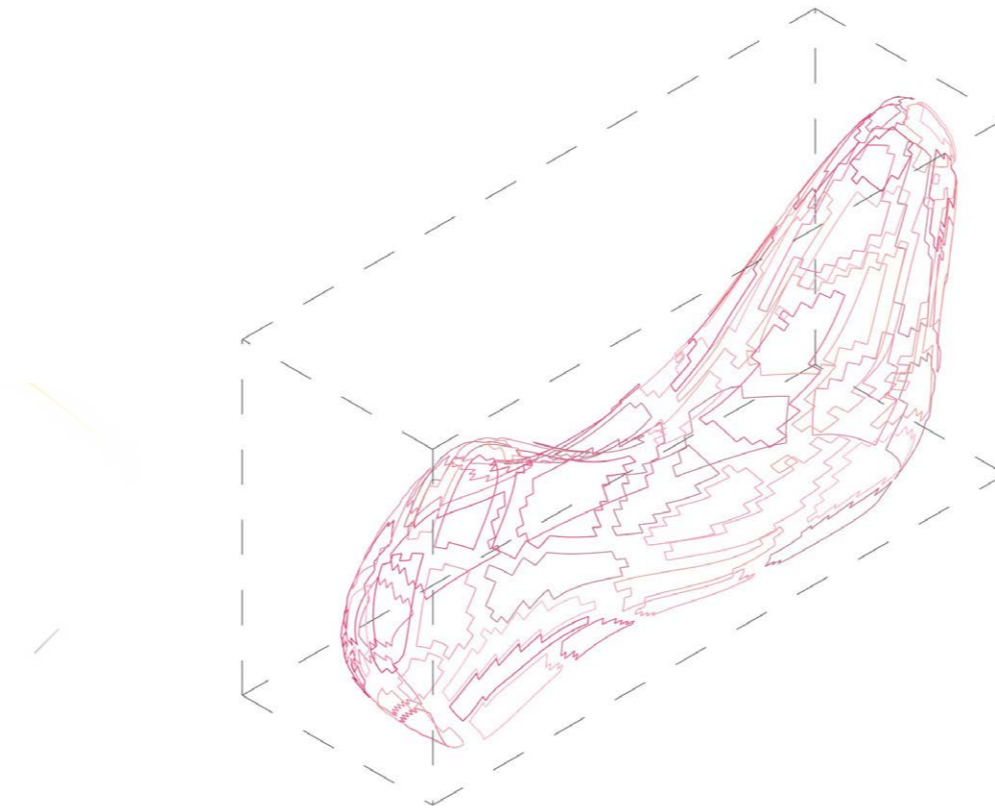
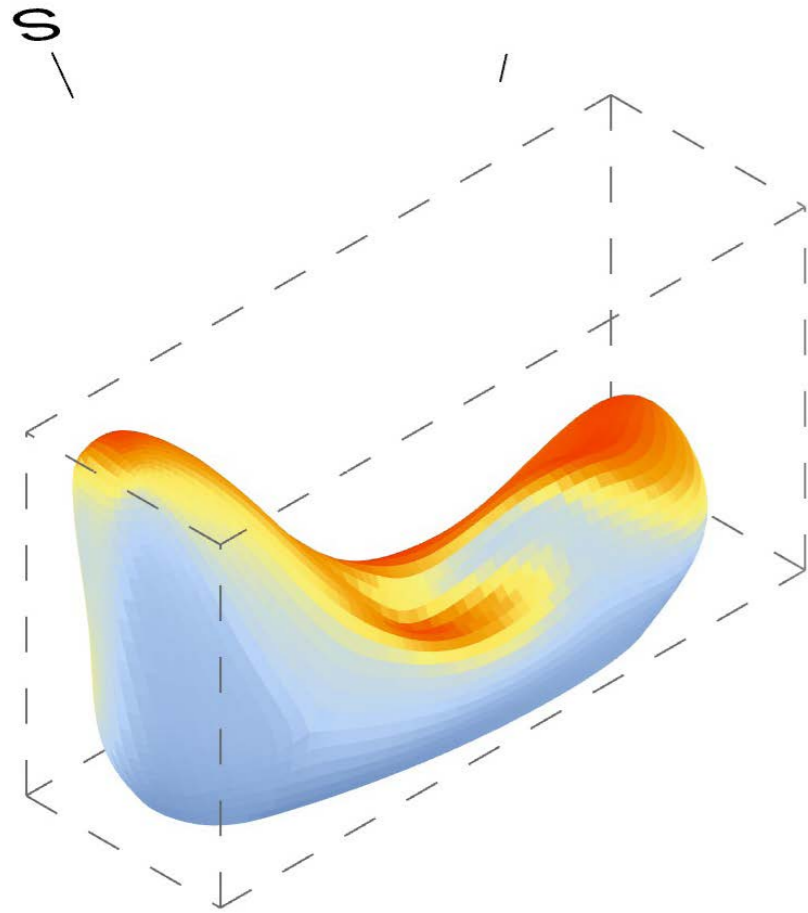
Grasshopper Definition

All Rhino data is either internalised or the geometry is purely Parametrically generated. The Plugin Human is needed for some Display purposes. Weverbird is needed for dis definition.

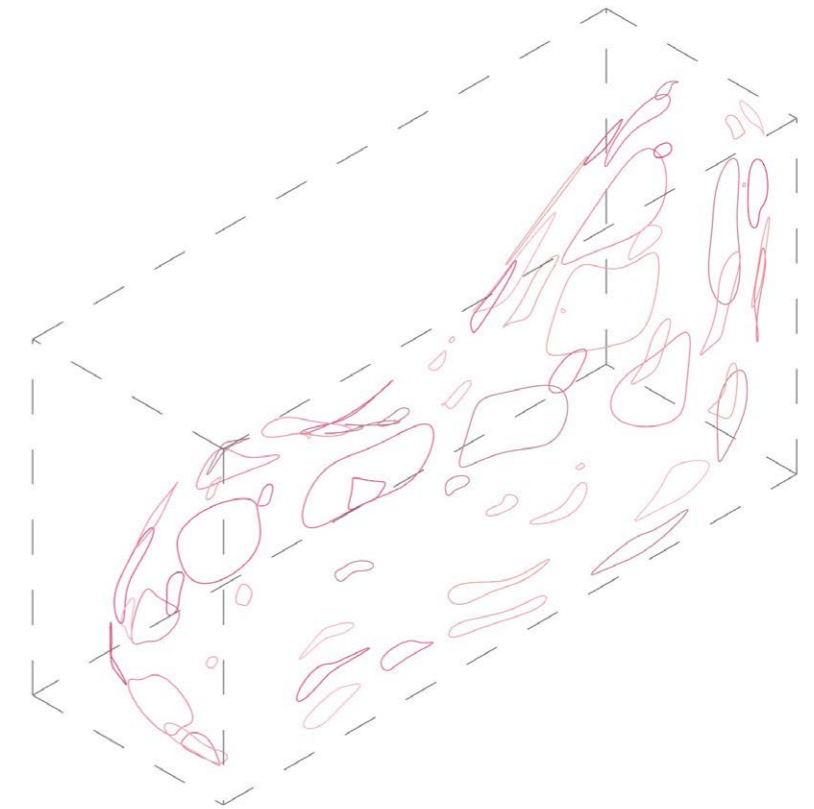


[https://pascalnun.com/share/Digital-Analog/GH/\[dEk\]_WPM_11_-_6_\(PN\).gh](https://pascalnun.com/share/Digital-Analog/GH/[dEk]_WPM_11_-_6_(PN).gh)

Aggregate 7: Clusterring



Mesh Face Culster



Rebuild Cluster edge



Isometric view



Isometric view

In this final version, a gaussian Cluster method is used to not only offset the individual Mesh Faces but to cluster a finer mesh Based on radiation and Position. So that not only the individual openings are scale. But also the area of the window is determent by it beforehand.

